# NEWPORT MERCURY.

Publiſhed for ANN BARBER, oppoſite the BRICK-MARKET.

*2 Dolls. per Ann.*] SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1806. [*No.* 2318.


This Day Received,

*And for Sale at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No.* 1, *Long-Wharf, among others, the following Books, viz.*

AN Elegant octavo edition, of EPISTLES, ODES, and other POEMS, *BY THOMAS MOORE, Esq.*

This intereſting Volume cannot be better recommended to the public, than in the language of the American publiſher—

"The name of ANACREON MOORE is too well known among Scholars, and lovers of Literature, to require any remarks from us on his genius and learning. The Volume now in the preſs is ſuperior to any of Mr. M's former productions, and is particularly intereſting to the inhabitants of this country; as moſt of the Epiſtles, Odes, &c. were written during a tour among us, in the year 1804."

The beautiful ſcenery of America has afforded our author an opportunity of diſplaying the verſatility of his genius, and the effect of ſublime deſcription. After a peruſal of this volume, the foam of the Niagara will be ſeen with more delight, and the thunder of its Falls will be heard with greater admiration. Every river, mountain, lake and foreſt, which Mr. Moore's pen has glanced at, ſeems to have acquired freſh beauties, and will be contemplated by future ages with that rapture which the powers of verſe alone are capable of inſpiring.

Wild Flowers; or paſtoral and local poeety; by Robert Bloomfield, author of the Farmer's Boy and Rural Tales, 1 vol. 12mo.

Duſief's Nature diſplayed, 2 vols. 8vo.

Roſcoe's Leo the tenth, 4 vols. 8vo.

Converſations on Chymiſtry, in which the elements of that Science are familiarly explained and illuſtrated, by experiments and plates. 2 vols. in one.

Biſhop Watſon's Chemical Eſſays, 5 vols. 12mo.

Eſſays on the powers of the human mind, by Thomas Reid, D. D. F. R. S. Edinburgh, Profeſſor of Moral Philoſophy in the Univerſity of Glaſgow; to which is prefixed an account of the Life and Writings of the author, 3 vols. 8vo.

Belſham's Memoirs of the reign of George III. to the commencement of the year 1799—3 vols. 3vo.

Martyn's philoſophical hiſtory and memoirs of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, 5 vols. royal 8vo.

The complete Works in Philoſophy, Politics, and morals, of the late Dr. Benjamin Franklin, now firſt collected and arranged, with early memoirs of his life, writ ten by himſelf, 3 vols. 8 vo. a new edition lately publiſhed in London.

King of Pruſſia's Works 13 vols. 8vo.

Guthrie's Geography, a late and improved edition, 1 vol. 8vo.

Young's Works, 3 vols. 12mo.

Kett's Elements of General Knowledge 2 vols. 12mo.

Gibbon's Roman Empire, 8 vols. 8vo.

And a few more copies of Cumberland's memoirs of himſelf, 1 vol. 8vo.

*Newport, Sept.* 5, 1806.

## BRIGADE ORDERS.

AGREEABLE to the ninth Section of the militia Law of the State of Rhode-Iſland, &c.

The brigade of the counties of Newport and Briſtol will turn out for Review and Inſpection, in the following order, viz. the regiment commanded by Lt. Col. Commandant Andrew Mc Curry, will meet for Review and Inſpection, on Monday the 22d day of September inſtant.

The regiment commanded by Lt. Col. Commandant Seth Peck, will meet for Review and Inſpection, on Thurſday the 25th day of September inſtant.

The regiment commanded by Lt. Col. Commandant Joſeph Pearce, will meet for Review and Inſpection, on Monday the 29th day of September inſtant.

Commandants of Regiments will fix on their own time and places of rendezvous; and alſo will be particular in their attention to have their Returns forwarded to the Brigade-Major, within 20 days after muſter.

DANIEL SHELDON, *Brig. Gen.*
THO. D. STALL *Brig. Maj. & Ins.*
*Newport, Sept.* 5, 1806.

## FOR SALE,

THE commodious SCHOOL HOUSE, and Lot on which it ſtands, ſituated in the north part of the Town, near the Rev J. Bradley's Meeting-Houſe; where the beſt accommodations for fifty ſcholars.—For further information apply to

J. SPRAGUE.
*Newport, August* 15 1806.

## Rhode-Iſland Diſtrict, ſſ.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. *David Leonard Barnes*, Eſquire, Judge of the Diſtrict Court for Rhode Iſland Diſtrict. Notice is hereby given to all perſons concerned, that a Libel is filed in ſaid Court by David Howell, Eſq. United States Attorney for ſaid Rhode-Iſland diſtrict (and in the name of the ſaid United States of America) againſt the Ship Charles and Harriot, her tackle, apparel, &c. now lying in the harbor of Newport; for having been employed in tranſporting Slaves, from one foreign country to another, contrary to the ſtatute of the United States in ſuch caſe provided—and that trial will be had upon ſaid Libel, at a Special Diſtrict Court, to be holden at Providence, within ſaid diſtrict on Saturday the twentieth day of September inſtant, at nine o'clock on the morning of ſaid day.

W PECK *Marſhal.*
*September* 3, 1806

## SCHOOL-STREET ACADEMY.

*The Subscriber reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public,*

THAT he has removed his SCHOOL to the Church School-Houſe, where he continues to teach the different branches of Literature.

Scholars boarded at as low a rate as any where in this State, and ſtrict attention paid to their morals, &c.

ELEAZER TREVETT.

He returns his Thanks to his employers, for their very generous patronage; and hopes that by his continued aſſiduity, and unremitted exertions, to inſtruct his pupils, he may give ſatisfaction to all.—He will commence his Evening School on Monday the 18th inſt. at 6 o'clock.

*N. B.* A Young Man of a liberal education, and good morals, will find employment as an Aſſiſtant, by calling as above within a month.

*Newport, Sept.* 5, 1806

## IMPRESSED SEAMEN.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Friends of WILLIAM WILLIAMS, —— HARRIS, JOHN BUTLER, and —— COLE, (who call themſelves Citizens of the State of Rhode-Iſland, and have been repreſented to the Department of State as impreſſed into the Britiſh Service, and now detained for want of documents to prove their citizenſhip) that upon their forwarding to ſaid Department, proof of their Citizenſhip, together with a deſcription of their perſons, meaſures will be taken to obtain their diſcharge.

WILLIAM ELLERY, *Collector.*
*Newport, Sept.* 1, 1806.

WHEREAS my wife *Catharine*, has left my bed and board, and otherwiſe behaved in a very unbecoming manner:—This, therefore, is to forbid all perſons from harboring or truſting her on my account, as I ſhall not pay any debts ſhe may contract from this date.

HENRY CAHOONE.
*Newport, Sept.* 6, 1806.

WE the ſubſcribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate of the town of South-Kingſtown, in the county of Waſhington, commiſſioners to receive and examine the claims againſt the eſtate of *Caleb N. Gardner*, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, do hereby give notice, that nine months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the ſaid eſtate to bring in and prove their reſpective claims; and that we ſhall attend for that purpoſe at *Joſeph Reynolds's* Inn at Little-Reſt, the ſecond Saturday in September next, and on the firſt Monday in each month afterwards, during ſaid term.

WILLIAM C. CLARKE, } *Com'rs.*
JAMES HELME, jun. }

All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to

JOHN HAGADORN, *Adm'r.*
*South-Kingſtown, Aug.* 11, 1806.

WE the ſubſcribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of South-Kingſtown, in the county of Waſhington, commiſſioners to receive and examine the claims againſt the eſtate of *Warren Gardner*, late of South Kingſtown, yeoman, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, do hereby give notice, that nine months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the ſaid eſtate, to bring in and prove their reſpective claims; and that we ſhall attend for that purpoſe at *Joſeph Reynolds's* Inn at Little Reſt, the ſecond Saturday in September next, and on the firſt Monday in each month afterwards, during ſaid term.

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*South-Kingſtown, Aug* 11, 1806.

## JOB SHERMAN,

*Has just Received, in Addition to his extenſive Aſſortment in the Spring, a Variety of faſhionable and ſtaple GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, among which are the following:*

GURRAHS, Mamoodas, Muggaſamas, Battas, &c. } *India Cottons.*
Long-Cloths for Shirting.
Ginghams.
Shambray Muſlins.
Kid and Silk Gloves.
Velvet Shoes for Ladies, which are much worn in Boſton.
Hemp Stockings of a ſuperior quality.
Ladies Silk and Cotton, coloured laced clock'd Hoſe.
Cambric Dimity.
Coloured and Zeno Muſlins.
India Do.
A Variety of Ladies' Combs.
Hyſon, Young-Hyſon, Hyſon-Skin, And Souchong } TEAS.

A few boxes and jars of Eſſence of Spruce put up at the Factory—and many of the articles too tedious to mention.

*Newport, 25th of the 7th Mo.* 1806

## FOR SALE,

A FEW Kegs Virginia Twiſt Tobacco, of a ſuperior quality.

Beſt Retailing Molaſſes by the hogſhead.

Pork by the barrel.—Apply to

DANIEL VAUGHN,
*No.* 1. *Waſhington Square.*
*Newport, August* 8, 1806.

## BOWEN & ENNIS

*Offer for Sale*

*At their Store on Stevens's Wharf*

JAMAICA and Windward-Iſland Rum by the hogſhead or barrel
Molaſſes by do. do.
Holland Gin by pipe or barrel
Brown Sugar by hogſhead barrel or box
Loaf-Sugar
Coffee by the bag
French Brandy by the barrel
Superfine Flour by do.
Philadelphia and Swedes Iron flat and ſquar bars
Ruſſia and Ravens Duck
Sewing Twine
Rice by the caſk
Madeira Wine by the pipe half pipe or quarter-caſk
Caboofes, Anchors, Aſh Oars, Roſin, Tar and Turpentine
Cedar Shingles
White and black Oak hogſhead Staves
1400 Wt. Soal-Leather
About 4000 buſhels Bonaviſta Salt, and
A ſmall aſſortment of Ship-Chandlery and Groceries at retail, as uſual.

*Just Received and for Sale, by*

## MEIN & ROGERS,

TEN Boxes Brimſtone,
Ten do. aſſorted Glaſs Ware,
Six do. Cordials,
Two Hogſheads Currants, to be ſold by the Brrel if preferred.
Ten pigs of Lead,
Eſſence Spruce by the box, gallon or jar.
Powder by the Caſk.
Shot by the Cwt.
*Newport, August* 15, 1806.

## TO BE SOLD,

THAT large elegant and convenient Houſe, belonging to the ſubſcriber, ſituated on the Parade, in Newport, near the State-Houſe; the Houſe is three-ſtories high, with a flat roof, contains twelve rooms, excluſive of a kitchen in the cellar, where there is a good well of water, and rain-water ciſtern; has a convenient yard and coach-houſe, and a handſome garden; a further deſcription is unneceſſary as the perſon who wiſhes to purchaſe will view the premiſes.—For terms apply to the Subſcriber, at her Farm near Fort-Adams or of Dr. JONATHAN EASTON, in Newport.

SARAH MUMFORD.
*Newport, June* 20 1806.

## FOR SALE,

*On JAMES PERRY's Wharf,*

A CONSTANT ſupply of CHRISTOPHER and JOHN DEXTER's LIME—It being of the beſt kind made.—Enquire at ſtore NO 3 on ſaid Wharf. *Newport, July* 11, 1806.

## NEW FLOUR.

FRESH ſuperfine FLOUR for Sale by the barrel at Store No. 3 J. Perry's Wharf. *Newport July* 11 1806.

## INTERESTING DOCUMENTS.

[*The following publication, from the Richmond Enquirer, the leading democratic paper of Virginia, is attributed to the pen of the Hon.* JOHN RANDOLPH. *It contains the Secret Message of the President of the United States which Congress refuſed to publiſh; and is entitled, in every point of view, to the moſt ſerious attention of the public.*]

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

TO THE EDITOR.

THE events of the laſt ſeſſion of Congreſs have furniſhed ample cauſe of ſpeculation to the curious, and of regret to every true friend of his country. The myſtery, which enveloped their proceedings, and beneath which ſome of their moſt important tranſactions yet remain ſhrouded, could not conceal from the moſt careleſs obſerver, that a ſchiſm had ariſen in the republican party. But the cauſes which led to this afflicting event, are ſtill buried in obſcurity. In the hiſtory of this memorable occurrence, all is darkneſs, confuſion and contradiction. The public mind, impatient of ſuſpence, and as if deſpairing of further information, ſeems to have outrun the evidence, upon which alone its judgment ſhould have been bottomed. So far as their opinion can be gathered from the public prints, the voice of the people has declared for the adminiſtration. In this deciſion, perhaps, it might have been the duty of the republican minority, and of their friends, to acquieſce, had a fair view of the ſubject been laid before the public. But knowing, as I do, from the moſt indiſputable proof, that facts have been miſtated, opinions miſrepreſented—much truth ſuppreſſed, and more falſhood ſuggeſted; approving at the ſame time, from my heart, the courſe which they have purſued, I am impelled to offer to the world ſome facts and obſervations, which may enable them to form a more juſt opinion of the conduct of the republican minority, during the laſt ſeſſion of Congreſs and of the motives by which they were probably actuated.

It muſt be obvious to the moſt ſuperficial eye, that every conſideration of a ſelfiſh, or prudential nature, would have diſſuaded any man or ſet of men, among the republicans from an open oppoſition to any leading and favourite meaſure of the Executive at that juncture. The Preſident of the United States had juſt been re-elected by a great and impoſing majority of the people. The acquiſition of Louiſiana had given eclat to the executive, and caſt a ſplendour around the adminiſtration, in which every minor defect of the government was eclipſed and forgotten.—The coloſſal popularity of the Preſident ſeemed to mock at all oppoſition. Unmindful of paſt and dear-bought experience, the republicans had erected a *political idol*, on whoſe altars he who dared to queſtion its infallibility, muſt prepare to bleed. In this poſture of affairs, all oppoſition was indeed a forlorn hope. There was every thing to loſe, and nothing to gain. The minority had only to compromiſe their principles, to betray their duty to themſelves, their conſtituents, and their country, in order to enjoy the countenance of the adminiſtration, to enſure the approbation of the public, for a time, and their own contempt forever. They had but to acquieſce in meaſures which their conſcience and judgment condemned, and ſwim in ignoble ſecurity with the current of the day. They were not inſenſible to the danger of the oppoſite courſe; but whilſt they coolly eſtimated the difficulty, they had the fortitude to encounter it. Let it be admitted for a moment, that theſe gentlemen were miſtaken in their views: ſtill I pronounce, that he who does not applaud their independence and firmneſs, is unworthy of the name of a freeman. They had the courage to aſſert and maintain the deliberate convictions of their honeſt judgment, againſt the proudeſt authority, and preferred the hazard of their popularity, to the ſurrender of their underſtandings and conſciences.—Let the people look to it. Is there any danger of a dearth of time-ſervers, under any adminiſtration, which has the power of rewarding them, that due reſpect will not always be paid to the loaves and fiſhes? The hiſtory of this government of every executive with regal powers, muſt anſwer the queſtion. Let the members conſtituting the republican minority be diſmiſſed from the confidence and employment of the people—can they look for any thing like independence in their ſucceſſors? It would indeed be an idle expectation. They muſt enter upon their legislative duties with inſtructions

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DANIEL SHELDON, *Brig. Gen.*
THO. D. STALL *Brig. Maj. & Ins.*
*Newport, Sept.* 5, 1806.

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J. SPRAGUE.
*Newport, August* 15, 1806.

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Rhode-Island District, ss.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. *David Leonard Barnes*, Esquire, Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District, Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court by David Howell, Esq. United States Attorney for said Rhode-Island district (and in the name of the said United States of America) against the Ship Charles and Harriot, her tackle, apparel, &c. now lying in the harbor of Newport; for having been employed in transporting Slaves, from one foreign country to another, contrary to the statute of the United States in such case provided—and that trial will be had upon said Libel, at a Special District Court, to be holden at Providence, within said district on Saturday the twentieth day of September instant, at nine o'clock on the morning of said day.

W PECK, *Marshal.*
*September* 3, 1806

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## SCHOOL-STREET ACADEMY.

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## IMPRESSED SEAMEN.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Friends of WILLIAM WILLIAMS, ——— HARRIS, JOHN BUTLER, and —— COLE, (who call themselves Citizens of the State of Rhode-Island, and have been represented to the Department of State as impressed into the British Service, and now detained for want of documents to prove their citizenship) that upon their forwarding to said Department, proof of their Citizenship, together with a description of their persons, measures will be taken to obtain their discharge.

WILLIAM ELLERY, *Collector.*
*Newport, Sept.* 1, 1806.

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HENRY CAHOONE.
*Newport, Sept.* 6, 1806.

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WE the subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate of the town of South-Kingstown, in the county of Washington, commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of *Caleb N. Gardner*, late of South-Kingstown, deceased, represented insolvent, do hereby give notice, that nine months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the said estate to bring in and prove their respective claims; and that we shall attend for that purpose at *Joseph Reynolds*'s Inn at Little-Rest, the second Saturday in September next, and on the first Monday in each month afterwards, during said term.

WILLIAM C. CLARKE, } *Com'rs.*
JAMES HELME, jun. }

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

JOHN HAGADORN, *Adm'r.*
*South-Kingstown, Aug.* 11, 1806.

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*South-Kingstown, Aug.* 11, 1806.

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## JOB SHERMAN,

*Has just Received, in Addition to his extensive Assortment in the Spring, a Variety of fashionable and staple GOODS, suitable for the Season, among which are the following:*

GURRAHS, Mamoodas, Muggasamas, Baftas, &c. } *India Cottons.*
Long-Cloths for Shirting.
Ginghams.
Shambray Muslins.
Kid and Silk Gloves.
Velvet Shoes for Ladies, which are much worn in Boston.
Hemp Stockings of a superior quality.
Ladies Silk and Cotton, coloured laced clock'd Hose.
Cambric Dimity.
Coloured and Zeno Muslins.
India Do.
A Variety of Ladies' Combs.
Hyson, Young-Hyson, Hyson-Skin, And Souchong } TEAS.

A few boxes and jars of Essence of Spruce put up at the Factory—and many of the articles too tedious to mention.

*Newport, 25th of the 7th Mo.* 1806

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## FOR SALE,

A FEW Kegs Virginia Twist Tobacco, of a superior quality.

Best Retailing Molasses by the hogshead.

Pork by the barrel.—Apply to

DANIEL VAUGHN,
*No.* 1. *Washington-Square.*
*Newport, August* 8, 1806.

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## BOWEN & ENNIS

*Offer for Sale*
*At their Store on Stevens's Wharf*

JAMAICA and Windward-Island Rum by the hogshead or barrel
Molasses by do. do.
Holland Gin by pipe or barrel
Brown Sugar by hogshead barrel or box
Loaf-Sugar
Coffee by the bag
French Brandy by the barrel
Superfine Flour by do.
Philadelphia and Swedes Iron flat and squar bars
Russia and Ravens Duck
Sewing Twine
Rice by the cask
Madeira Wine by the pipe half pipe or quarter-cask
Cabooses, Anchors, Ash Oars, Rosin. Tar and Turpentine
Cedar Shingles
White and black Oak hogshead Staves
1400 Wt. Soal-Leather
About 4000 bushels Bonavista Salt, and
A small assortment of Ship-Chandlery and Groceries at retail, as usual.

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*Just Received and for Sale, by*
MEIN & ROGERS,

TEN Boxes Brimstone,
Ten do, assorted Glass Ware,
Six do. Cordials,
Two Hogsheads Currants. to be sold by the Brrel if preferred.
Ten pigs of Lead,
Essence Spruce by the box, gallon or jar.
Powder by the Cask.
Shot by the Cwt.
*Newport, August* 15, 1806.

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## TO BE SOLD,

THAT large elegant and convenient House, belonging to the subscriber, situated on the Parade, in Newport, near the Sate-House; the House is three-stories high, with a flat roof, contains twelve rooms, exclusive of a kitchen in the cellar, where there is a good well of water, and rain-water cistern; has a convenient yard and coach-house, and a handsome garden; a further description is unnecessary as the person who wishes to purchase will view the premises.—For terms apply to the Subscriber, at her Farm near Fort-Adams or of Dr. JONATHAN EASTON, in Newport.

SARAH MUMFORD.
*Newport, June* 20 1806.

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## FOR SALE,

*On JAMES PERRY's Wharf,*

A CONSTANT supply of CHRISTOPHER and JOHN DEXTER'S LIME—It being of the best kind made.—Enquire at store NO 3 on said Wharf. *Newport, July* 11, 1806.

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## NEW FLOUR.

FRESH superfine FLOUR for Sale by the barrel at Store No. 3 J. Perry's Wharf. *Newport July* 11 1806.

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## INTERESTING DOCUMENTS.

[*The following publication, from the Richmond Enquirer, the leading democratic paper of Virginia, is attributed to the pen of the Hon.* JOHN RANDOLPH. *It contains the Secret Message of the President of the United States which Congress refused to publish; and is entitled, in every point of view, to the most serious attention of the public.*]

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

TO THE EDITOR.

THE events of the last session of Congress have furnished ample cause of speculation to the curious, and of regret to every true friend of his country. The mystery, which enveloped their proceedings, and beneath which some of their most important transactions yet remain shrouded, could not conceal from the most careless observer, that a schism had arisen in the republican party. But the causes which led to this afflicting event, are still buried in obscurity. In the history of this memorable occurrence, all is darkness, confusion and contradiction. The public mind, impatient of suspence, and as if despairing of further information, seems to have outrun the evidence, upon which alone its judgment should have been bottomed. So far as their opinion can be gathered from the public prints, the voice of the people has declared for the administration. In this decision, perhaps, it might have been the duty of the republican minority, and of their friends, to acquiesce, had a fair view of the subject been laid before the public. But knowing, as I do, from the most indisputable proof, that facts have been misstated, opinions misrepresented—much truth suppressed, and more falsehood suggested; approving at the same time, from my heart, the course which they have pursued, I am impelled to offer to the world some facts and observations, which may enable them to form a more just opinion of the conduct of the republican minority, during the last session of Congress and of the motives by which they were probably actuated.

It must be obvious to the most superficial eye, that every consideration of a selfish, or prudential nature, would have dissuaded any man or set of men, among the republicans from an open opposition to any leading and favourite measure of the Executive, at that juncture. The President of the United States had just been re-elected by a great and imposing majority of the people. The acquisition of Louisiana had given eclat to the executive, and cast a splendour around the administration, in which every minor defect of the government was eclipsed and forgotten.—The colossal popularity of the President seemed to mock at all opposition. Unmindful of past and dear-bought experience, the republicans had erected a political idol, on whose altars he who dared to question its infallibility, must prepare to bleed. In this posture of affairs, all opposition was indeed a forlorn hope. There was every thing to lose, and nothing to gain. The minority had only to compromise their principles, to betray their duty to themselves, their constituents, and their country, in order to enjoy the countenance of the administration, to ensure the approbation of the public, for a time, and their own contempt forever. They had but to acquiesce in measures which their conscience and judgment condemned, and swim in ignoble security with the current of the day. They were not insensible to the danger of the opposite course; but whilst they coolly estimated the difficulty, they had the fortitude to encounter it. Let it be admitted for a moment, that these gentlemen were mistaken in their views: still I pronounce, that he who does not applaud their independence and firmness, is unworthy of the name of a freeman. They had the courage to assert and maintain the deliberate convictions of their honest judgment, against the proudest authority, and preferred the hazard of their popularity, to the surrender of their understandings and consciences.—Let the people look to it. Is there any danger of a dearth of time-servers, under any administration, which has the power of rewarding them, that due respect will not always be paid to the loaves and fishes? The history of this government of every executive with regal powers, must answer the question. Let the members constituting the republican minority be dismissed from the confidence and employment of the people—can they look for any thing like independence in their successors? It would indeed be an idle expectation. They must enter upon their legislative duties with instructions

to lay aside the suggestions of their own understandings, and conform themselves in all things to the wishes of the cabinet. The first lesson which they learned would teach them to consider any variation from the executive standard, as the most heinous sin in the political decalogue. Would such men dare to oppose any presidential project however criminal? From the very nature of their appointment, they must become the puppets of the administration, for the time being. A house of representatives, so constituted, must dwindle into a mere chamber for enregistering ministerial edicts; and whilst the forms of the constituton were preserved, its substance would vanish.

On the 3d of December 1805, the president's public message was laid before the two houses of Congress. The aggressions of Spain were specially noticed.

"With Spain (says the Chief Magistrate) our negociations for a settlement of differences have not had a satisfactory issue. Spoliations during the former war, for which she had formally acknowledged herself responsible, have been refused to be compensated, but on conditions affecting other claims, in no wise connected with them; *yet the same practices are renewed in the present war, and are already of great amount.* Our commerce through the Mobile continues to be obstructed by arbitrary duties and vexatious searches. Propositions for adjusting *amicably* the boundaries of Louisiana have *not* been acceded to. Whilst however the right is unsettled, we have avoided changing the state of things, by taking new posts, or strengthening ourselves in the new territories, *in the hope that the other power would not by a contrary conduct oblige us to meet their example,* and endanger conflicts of authority, the issue of which may not be easily controuled. *But in this hope we have now reason to lessen our confidence.* Inroads have been recently made into the territories of Orleans and the Mississippi. *Our citizens have been seized, and their property plundered* in the very parts of the former which had been actually delivered up by Spain, and *this by the regular officers and soldiers of that government.* I have therefore found it necessary at length, to give orders to our troops on that frontier, to be in readiness to protect our citizens, and to *repel* by *arms* any similar aggressions in future."

It should be kept in mind that the "piratical acts" (mentioned in the same paragraph of the same message) "committed at the very mouths of our harbours, by private armed vessels, some without commissions, some with illegal commissions, others with those of legal form, but transcending the authority of those commissions, *plundering and sinking our vessels and exposing their crews in open boats or on desert shores*" were perpetrated chiefly, if not exclusively, by a Spanish and French privateer, fitted out principally from the eastern ports of Cuba.

In the third paragraph, Congress was called upon to make effectual and determined opposition to the new principles interpolated into the law of nations—in reference, no doubt, to certain decisions of the British court of Admiralty. This address was re-echoed by a spirited (however precipitate) resolution of the Virginia Assembly. On the 6th of December, the following confidential message was received from the President:

*President's Confidential Message.*

"The depredations which had been committed on the commerce of the United States, during a preceding war, by persons under the authority of Spain are sufficiently known to all. These made it a duty to require from that government indemnification for our injured citizens. A convention was accordingly entered into between the minister of the United States at Madrid, and the minister of that government for foreign affairs, by which it was agreed, that spoliations committed by Spanish subjects, and carried into ports of Spain, should be paid for by that nation, and that those committed by French subjects and carried into Spanish ports, should remain for further discussion. Before this convention was returned to Spain with our ratification, the transfer of Louisiana by France to the United States took place: an event as unexpected as disagreeable to Spain. From that moment she seemed to change her conduct and disposition towards us. It was first manifested by her protest against the right of France to alienate Louisiana to us, which however was soon retracted, and the right confirmed. Then high offence was manifested at the act of Congress establishing a collection on the Mobile district, although by an authentic declaration, immediately made, it was expressly confined to our acknowledged limits; and she now refuses to ratify the convention signed by her own minister, under the eyes of his sovereign, unless we would consent to alterations of its terms which would have affected our claims against her for spoliations by French subjects carried into Spanish ports.

"To obtain justice, as well as to restore friendship, I thought a special mission advisable, and accordingly appointed James Monroe minister extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the court of Madrid, and, in conjuction with our Minister resident there, to endeavor to procure a ratification of the former convention and to come to an understanding with Spain, as to the boundaries of Louisiana. It appeared at once that her policy was to reserve herself for events, and in the mean time to keep our differences in an undetermined state. This will be evident from the papers now communicated to you. After nearly five months of fruitless endeavour to bring them to some definite and satisfactory result, our minister ended the conferences without having been able to obtain indemnity for spoliations of *any description* or any satisfaction as to the boundaries of Louisiana, other than a declaration that we had no rights eastward of the Iberville, and that our line to the west was one which would have left us but a string of land on that bank of the Mississippi. Our injured citizens were thus left without any prospect of retribution from the wrong-doer, and as to boundary, each party was to take its own course. That which they have chosen to pursue will appear from the documents now communicated. They authorize the inference that it is their intention to advance on our possessions, until they shall be repelled by an opposing force. Considering that congress alone is constitutionally invested with the power of changing our condition from peace to war, I have thought it my duty to await their authority for using force in any degree which could be avoided. I have barely instructed the officers stationed in the neighborhood of the aggressions, to protect our citizens from violence, to patrole within the borders actually delivered to us, and not to go out of them, but when necessary to repel an inroad, or to rescue a citizen or his property: and the Spanish remaining at New-Orleans are required to depart without any further delay. It ought to be noted here that since the late change in the state of affairs in Europe, Spain has ordered her cruizers and courts to respect our treaty with her.

"The conduct of France, and the part she may take in the misunderstandings between the U. S. and Spain are too important not to be considered. She was prompt and decided in her declarations, that our demands on Spain for French spoliations, carried into Spanish ports, were included in the settlement between the United States and France. She took at once the ground that she had acquired no right from Spain, and had meant to deliver us none eastward of the Iberville: her silence as to the western boundary leaving us to infer her opinion might be against Spain in that quarter. Whatever direction she might mean to give to these differences, it does not appear that she has contemplated their proceeding to actual rupture, or that at the date of our last advices from Paris, her government had any suspicion of the hostile attitude Spain had taken here. On the contrary we have reason to believe that she (France) was disposed to effect a settlement on a plan analogous to what our ministers had proposed, and so comprehensive as to remove as far as possible the grounds of future collision and controversy on the eastern as well as western side of the Mississippi.

"The present crisis in Europe is favourable for pressing such a settlement, and not a moment should be lost in availing ourselves of it. Should it pass unimproved, our situation would become much more difficult. Formal war is not necessary; it is not probable that it will follow, but the protection of our citizens, the spirit and honour of our country, require that force should be interposed in a certain degree. It will probably contribute to advance the object of peace.

"But the course to be pursued will require the command of means, which it belongs to congress exclusively to yield or deny. To them I communicate every fact material for their information, and the documents necessary to enable them to judge for themselves. To their wisdom then I look for the course I am to pursue, and will pursue with sincere zeal that which they shall approve."

This message, with the documents accompanying it, was referred to a secret committee, consisting of Mr. John Randolph, Mr. Nicholson, Williams, of S. C. Mr. Bidwell, and Mr. Brown.

It may be proper to remark, that this message, although deemed by the clerk (as he stated to the house) to be a part of the secret journal, which had been ordered to be printed, was nevertheless omitted; nor has the omission ever been satisfactorily accounted for. The house by a subsequent vote refused to make it public.

*(To be continued.)*

## *BY THE LAST MAILS.*

### *SOUTH-CAROLINA.*

CHARLESTON, AUGUST 23.

CAPT. COLLINS, of the ship Arctic, arrived at this port yesterday, in 68 days from the River Plate, informs us, that in a few hours after sailing he fell in with a British squadron of eight ships of war, and was boarded by the Diadem, Capt. King; the squadron was under the command of Sir Home Popham, from the Cape of Good Hope, and was destined to act against Montevideo.

*THE GALE.*

For three or four weeks past, we had experienced an almost uninterrupted series of W. and S. W. winds, until Sunday evening last, when the wind shifted round to the N. E. and continued vibrating between that point and S. E. for two or three days, though moderate. On Wednesday night an unusual roaring was heard from the bar, occasioned by a heavy swell breaking upon it, which indicated an approaching storm. On Thursday the wind continued fresh at N. N. E. and in the night it blew with increased strength: yesterday morning the wind remained in about the same quarter, and in the course of the forenoon it increased to a complete gale, accompanied with a considerable fall of rain, and in almost every respect resembling the first approaches of that tremendous gale, experienced on this coast in the month of September 1804. Precautionary steps were taken by our sea-faring brethren in securing their vessels at the wharves: and it gives us pleasure to state that little or no damage had been received by them when our paper went to press last evening, although the gale continued with little or no abatement.

The ship Halcyon, Capt. Manley, with a cargo on board for Havanna, belonging to Mr. F. Depau, and riding at anchor in Poorman Hole, we are sorry to state drifted from her anchors and went ashore on James' Island. But it is expected she may be got off.

The ship Hope, Capt. Hunt, from Philadelphia, belonging to Messrs. Kirk and Lukens, with a cargo of flour, goods, &c. also drifted from her anchorage, in the river, and is ashore on James Island.

The ship Arctic, Capt. Collins, lying at quarantine, with a cargo of hides, tallow and cocoa, from Montevideo, and belonging to Philadelphia, also drifted from her anchorage, and went ashore on the reef off Fort Johnson, where there is every probability of her being lost.

The Revenue-Cutter schooner Eagle, Capt. Payne, drove from her anchorage in Cooper-river, and is ashore on James' Island.

A number of trees were blown down in the different streets of the city; but we have heard of no lives being lost.

The storm will undoubtedly be very detrimental to the crops of our planters, which had before suffered considerably from too much rain. In the parish of St. John's, it laid almost all the cotton flat with the ground—from appearances, one half of the cotton will be destroyed.

### *NORTH-CAROLINA.*

WILMINGTON, AUGUST 26.

We have witnessed the most violent and destructive storm of wind and rain ever before known here. On Thursday evening last the gale commenced at N. E. and increased by degrees until Friday about 10 A. M. It then became a hurricane and blew with the utmost violence; on Saturday at day light the wind began to veer, and about 7 A. M. settled at S. W. and continued until 12 or 1 o'clock, when it seemed to abate, but did not subside until between 5 and 6 in the afternoon. The tide rose to a height heretofore unknown; the wharves are much damaged; the loss in dry goods, salt, sugar, rice, lumber, &c. is beyond conception and cannot be ascertained. When the wind shifted to S. W. it seemed to threaten universal destruction, the gable ends of three brick houses were washed or blown down; many wooden buildings were considerably wrecked and some unfinished ones entirely demolished.—Mr. Isaac Baldwin was killed by the falling of an old burnt wall, and we hear that several negroes have been killed and one drowned on plantations in our vicinity. As far as we have been able to obtain information, the crops of corn, peas, rice, &c. are almost entirely destroyed. The falling of trees and breaking up of bridges having suspended the communication between the town and country, and the stage not having arrived, we are unable to give an account of the extensive and distressing losses inevitable throughout the district, and we fear the whole state.

The following vessels were driven from their anchorage and fasts, and have gone ashore: the Matilda with the loss of her masts, which went by the board the instant she struck—Ship Cape Fear, Bernard; brig Matilda, Hunter; brig Polly owned by Mr. Howell of Rhode-Island; brig Susannah of Charleston; brig Sally, of Troy; sch'r Regulator, M'Ilheney; sch'r Liberty, Randlet, of New-York; a schooner belonging to New River, and several other vessels.

At Smithville the damages were severe.—The wharves are completely destroyed and chimnies and fences blown down. The ship Commerce of New-York, brig Ranger, and schooner Clarissa and Eliza of Norwich, with outward bound cargoes, are on shore. Two Pettiauguars stove; all the small craft, and pleasure boats are at a vast distance on the land. The Revenue Cutter Governor Williams of Newbern, employed on the survey of the coast, by cutting her masts and stringing her guns, and heaving them out to assist her anchors, rode out the gale. No lives were lost.

The gale commenced at Smithville on Thursday at N. E. and increased all Friday—between 10 and 12 o'clock on Friday night it shifted suddenly to S. W. and blew a hurricane until 10 o'clock, it then shifted to West. The tide was higher than ever was known since the year '62 or '63, when New-Inlet broke: the sea was uncommonly agitated.

The brig Polly of ——, forty days from Jamaica, in ballast, with a pilot on board, was seen at anchor off the bar on Thursday with her topmasts down.—Great apprehensions are entertained for her safety.

### *PENNSYLVANIA.*

PHILADELPHIA, SEPT. 4.

*Loss of the Schooner Comfort.*—Circumstantial account of the loss of the schooner Comfort, (Charleston Packet) Capt. Charles Drummond, from Baltimore, received from a passenger taken off the wreck, in lat. 33, 15, long. 76, 30, W. by the brig Experiment, John Bockius, master, arrived at the Lazaretto.

On Tuesday morning, August 19th, the Comfort left Hampton Roads, with passengers, for Charleston. On Friday came on a violent gale from N. E. the schooner lying too, head to the southward and eastward.—At 4 P. M. she upset; at the same moment most of the male passengers having run upon deck, were washed overboard, whilst others, and the crew, were securing themselves to windward. About 5, P. M. the main mast broke short off, and at 6 the foremast was carried away, when she righted, but full of water, the sea making a continual breach over her, the gale still violent. During the night, the greater part of the crew and passengers were either washed overboard, or drowned, lashed to different parts of the vessel; and on Saturday morning the few survivors had the gloomy prospect of but 6 remaining, out of 25 souls, the original number on board. During the whole of Saturday and Sunday, we continued lashed to the windlass, bearing all the fatigues of hunger and thirst, and most frequently overwhelmed with the break of the sea; and at about 5 o'clock, one of the few remaining, (a black man, one of the crew) exhausted and faint with thirst, was washed overboard, and on Monday morning, we were cheered with the prospect of descrying a vessel to windward, bearing down, which proved to be the Experiment, Capt. John Bockius, to whose humanity and attention, we feel it an incumbent duty to express the obligation we lay under, for his unremitted attention to whatever could, in any measure; ameliorate the misery of our situation.

*List of Passengers and crew drowned:*

Captain Charles Drummond.

Mr. James Price, under Capt. D's charge; a son to Mr. Price, ship-builder at Baltimore—and 8 blacks, composing the crew.

PASSENGERS.

Mr. Archibald Leslie, a resident of Demara, had been some months past in Baltimore.

Mr. Mercier, a Catholic Priest from Charleston.

Mr. Donally, a pedlar, from Baltimore.

Mr. Goosley, from Hampton, Virginia.

Mrs. Cooper, wife of Capt. Cooper, lately resident at Hampton, removing to Augustine.

Miss Mary Cooper, sister to Capt. Cooper, and

Miss Susannah Cooper, daughter of Mrs. Cooper.

Three servant maids, and three black children, and a boy, servant to Mr. Goosley.

SAVED.

Lieut. Bernard Henry of the U. S. navy.

John Todd, a young man working his passage to Charleston.

Scott, the cabin steward, and two other blacks, part of the crew.

### *NEW-YORK.*

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 8.

*Extract of a letter from Captain Murphy, of the brig Actress, to the Editor of the Baltimore American, dated*

QUARANTINE GROUND, Sept. 4.

"On the 23d of August, the day previous to my leaving the Havanna, the Pomona a Spanish frigate of 36 guns, from Vera Cruz, was taken about 2 leagues to the eastward of the Moro by two English frigates, the Arethusa and Anson, after a close action of sixteen minutes—although the Spanish frigate was assisted by seven gun boats, (one of which was blown up, and another sunk) and a battery of 11 guns. Previous to the action there was a large quantity of money landed from the frigate, reported to be the property of the King; but the English took with the ship half a million of dollars: it was reported the commander of the Spanish frigate lost his life in the action; the number of others killed is not mentioned, but supposed considerable from the closeness of the action and the heavy fire. On the 24th I fell in with 3 ships, a little to the northward of the Doubleheaded Shot Keys, one of them appearing much disabled, another had her in tow standing to the northward through to Florida Gulf—These I suppose to be the three aforementioned vessels: it must be observed that at the time of this action there was an 80 gun ship then in harbour but unfortunately her two topmasts were down and could not be got ready until the day after the action."

September 9.

By a passenger in the Comet from Nantz, (arrived yesterday.) we learn, that it was reported when he left France, that the differences between Russia and France were adjusted, that Egypt was to be given up to the French by the Turkish Empire, that Corfu was to be evacuated, and that Lord Yarmouth had arrived at Paris.

By the arrival at this port yesterday of the Sch'r Nancy, from Jamaica, we received Kingston papers to the 14th ult. from which we

to lay aside the suggestions of their own understandings, and conform themselves in all things to the wishes of the cabinet. The first lesson which they learned would teach them to consider any variation from the executive standard, as the most heinous sin in the political decalogue. Would such men dare to oppose any presidential project however criminal? From the very nature of their appointment, they must become the puppets of the administration, for the time being. A house of representatives, so constituted, must dwindle into a mere chamber for enregistering ministerial edicts; and whilst the forms of the constituton were preserved, its substance would vanish.

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For three or four weeks past, we had experienced an almost uninterrupted series of W. and S. W. winds, until Sunday evening last, when the wind shifted round to the N. E. and continued vibrating between that point and S. E. for two or three days, though moderate. On Wednesday night an unusual roaring was heard from the bar, occasioned by a heavy swell breaking upon it, which indicated an approaching storm. On Thursday the wind continued fresh at N. N. E. and in the night it blew with increased strength: yesterday morning the wind remained in about the same quarter, and in the course of the forenoon it increased to a complete gale, accompanied with a considerable fall of rain, and in almost every respect resembling the first approaches of that tremendous gale, experienced on this coast in the month of September 1804. Precautionary steps were taken by our sea-faring brethren in securing their vessels at the wharves: and it gives us pleasure to state that little or no damage had been received by them when our paper went to press last evening, although the gale continued with little or no abatement.

The ship Halcyon, Capt. Manley, with a cargo on board for Havanna, belonging to Mr. F. Depau, and riding at anchor in Poorman Hole, we are sorry to state drifted from her anchors and went ashore on James' Island. But it is expected she may be got off.

The ship Hope, Capt. Hunt, from Philadelphia, belonging to Messrs. Kirk and Lukens, with a cargo of flour, goods, &c. also drifted from her anchorage, in the river, and is ashore on James Island.

The ship Arctic, Capt. Collins, lying at quarantine, with a cargo of hides, tallow and cocoa, from Montevideo, and belonging to Philadelphia, also drifted from her anchorage, and went ashore on the reef off Fort Johnson, where there is every probability of her being lost.

The Revenue-Cutter schooner Eagle, Capt. Payne, drove from her anchorage in Cooper-river, and is ashore on James' Island.

A number of trees were blown down in the different streets of the city; but we have heard of no lives being lost.

The storm will undoubtedly be very detrimental to the crops of our planters, which had before suffered considerably from too much rain. In the parish of St. John's, it laid almost all the cotton flat with the ground—from appearances, one half of the cotton will be destroyed.

### NORTH-CAROLINA.

WILMINGTON, AUGUST 26.

We have witnessed the most violent and destructive storm of wind and rain ever before known here. On Thursday evening last the gale commenced at N. E. and increased by degrees until Friday about 10 A. M. It then became a hurricane and blew with the utmost violence; on Saturday at day light the wind began to veer, and about 7 A. M. settled at S. W. and continued until 12 or 1 o'clock, when it seemed to abate, but did not subside until between 5 and 6 in the afternoon. The tide rose to a height heretofore unknown; the wharves are much damaged; the loss in dry goods, salt, sugar, rice, lumber, &c. is beyond conception and cannot be ascertained. When the wind shifted to S. W. it seemed to threaten universal destruction, the gable ends of three brick houses were washed or blown down; many wooden buildings were considerably wrecked and some unfinished ones entirely demolished.—Mr. Isaac Baldwin was killed by the falling of an old burnt wall, and we hear that several negroes have been killed and one drowned on plantations in our vicinity. As far as we have been able to obtain information, the crops of corn, peas, rice, &c. are almost entirely destroyed. The falling of trees and breaking up of bridges having suspended the communication between the town and country, and the stage not having arrived, we are unable to give an account of the extensive and distressing losses inevitable throughout the district, and we fear the whole state.

The following vessels were driven from their anchorage and fasts, and have gone ashore: the Matilda with the loss of her masts, which went by the board the instant she struck—Ship Cape Fear, Bernard; brig Matilda, Hunter; brig Polly owned by Mr. Howell of Rhode-Island; brig Susannah of Charleston; brig Sally, of Troy; sch'r Regulator, M'Ilheney; sch'r Liberty, Randlet, of New-York; a schooner belonging to New River, and several other vessels.

At Smithville the damages were severe.—The wharves are completely destroyed and chimnies and fences blown down. The ship Commerce of New-York, brig Ranger, and schooner Clarissa and Eliza of Norwich, with outward bound cargoes, are on shore. Two Pettiauguars stove; all the small craft, and pleasure boats are at a vast distance on the land. The Revenue Cutter Governor Williams of Newbern, employed on the survey of the coast, by cutting her masts and stringing her guns, and heaving them out to assist her anchors, rode out the gale. No lives were lost.

The gale commenced at Smithville on Thursday at N. E. and increased all Friday—between 10 and 12 o'clock on Friday night it shifted suddenly to S. W. and blew a hurricane until 10 o'clock, it then shifted to West. The tide was higher than ever was known since the year '62 or '63, when New-Inlet broke: the sea was uncommonly agitated.

The brig Polly of ——, forty days from Jamaica, in ballast, with a pilot on board, was seen at anchor off the bar on Thursday with her topmasts down.—Great apprehensions are entertained for her safety.

### PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, SEPT. 4.

*Loss of the Schooner Comfort.*—Circumstantial account of the loss of the schooner Comfort, (Charleston Packet) Capt. Charles Drummond, from Baltimore, received from a passenger taken off the wreck, in lat. 33, 15, long. 76, 30, W. by the brig Experiment, John Bockius, master, arrived at the Lazaretto.

On Tuesday morning, August 19th, the Comfort left Hampton Roads, with passengers, for Charleston. On Friday came on a violent gale from N. E. the schooner lying too, head to the southward and eastward.—At 4 P. M. she upset; at the same moment most of the male passengers having run upon deck, were washed overboard, whilst others, and the crew, were securing themselves to windward. About 5, P. M. the main mast broke short off, and at 6 the foremast was carried away, when she righted, but full of water, the sea making a continual breach over her, the gale still violent. During the night, the greater part of the crew and passengers were either washed overboard, or drowned, lashed to different parts of the vessel; and on Saturday morning the few survivors had the gloomy prospect of but 6 remaining, out of 25 souls, the original number on board. During the whole of Saturday and Sunday, we continued lashed to the windlass, bearing all the fatigues of hunger and thirst, and most frequently overwhelmed with the break of the sea; and at about 5 o'clock, one of the few remaining, (a black man, one of the crew) exhausted and faint with thirst, was washed overboard, and on Monday morning, we were cheered with the prospect of descrying a vessel to windward, bearing down, which proved to be the Experiment, Capt. John Bockius, to whose humanity and attention, we feel it an incumbent duty to express the obligation we lay under, for his unremitted attention to whatever could, in any measure; ameliorate the misery of our situation.

*List of Passengers and crew drowned:*

Captain Charles Drummond.

Mr. James Price, under Capt. D's charge; a son to Mr. Price, ship-builder at Baltimore—and 8 blacks, composing the crew.

PASSENGERS.

Mr. Archibald Leslie, a resident of Demara, had been some months past in Baltimore.

Mr. Mercier, a Catholic Priest from Charleston.

Mr. Donally, a pedlar, from Baltimore.

Mr. Goosley, from Hampton, Virginia.

Mrs. Coopet, wife of Capt. Cooper, lately resident at Hampton, removing to Augustine.

Miss Mary Cooper, sister to Capt. Cooper, and

Miss Susannah Cooper, daughter of Mrs. Cooper.

Three servant maids, and three black children, and a boy, servant to Mr. Goosley.

SAVED.

Lieut. Bernard Henry of the U. S. navy;

John Todd, a young man working his passage to Charleston.

Scott, the cabin steward, and two other blacks, part of the crew.

### NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 8.

*Extract of a letter from Captain Murphy, of the brig Actress, to the Editor of the Baltimore American, dated*

QUARANTINE GROUND, Sept. 4.

"On the 23d of August, the day previous to my leaving the Havanna, the Pomona a Spanish frigate of 36 guns, from Vera Cruz, was taken about 2 leagues to the eastward of the Moro by two English frigates, the Arethusa and Anson, after a close action of sixteen minutes—although the Spanish frigate was assisted by seven gun boats, (one of which was blown up, and another sunk) and a battery of 11 guns. Previous to the action there was a large quantity of money landed from the frigate, reported to be the property of the King; but the English took with the ship half a million of dollars: it was reported the commander of the Spanish frigate lost his life in the action; the number of others killed is not mentioned, but supposed considerable from the closeness of the action and the heavy fire. On the 24th I fell in with 3 ships, a little to the northward of the Doubleheaded Shot Keys, one of them appearing much disabled, another had her in tow standing to the northward through to Florida Gulf—These I suppose to be the three aforementioned vessels: it must be observed that at the time of this action there was an 80 gun ship then in harbour but unfortunately her two topmasts were down and could not be got ready until the day after the action."

September 9.

By a passenger in the Comet from Nantz, (arrived yesterday,) we learn, that it was reported when he left France, that the differences between Russia and France were adjusted, that Egypt was to be given up to the French by the Turkish Empire, that Corfu was to be evacuated, and that Lord Yarmouth had arrived at Paris.

By the arrival at this port yesterday, of the Sch'r Nancy, from Jamaica, we received Kingston papers to the 14th ult. from which we

extract the following highly important intelligence .—

KINGSTON, JAM. AUG. 12.

By the schooner Stag, we learn that Gen. Miranda in the Leander, accompanied with 13 vessels; among which there was 1 or 2 ships, had arrived on the coast of South-America, and landed near Coro, of which he had got possession, and, by the reports prevalent at the departure of the Stag from Aruba, had been successful in several engagements with the Spaniards, and was penetrating into the country.

*August* 13.—We yesterday mentioned the arrival of the expedition under General Miranda, on the Spanish Main, and his subsequent success, we are now, however, enabled to state the particulars somewhat more accurately. While Capt. Eskill, was taking in his cargo at Cape St. Roman, on the Spanish coast, an overland dispatch was received there, containing accounts of Gen. Miranda having effected a landing at Coro, (which is said to be only 12 hours sail from Aruba) that he had captured it, and was proceeding up the country. It was also asserted, that he was daily joined by the Spaniards, and had several skirmishes with the government forces, in all of which he had been successful. The gentleman who furnished the cargo for the Stag informed the captain of her, that he was obliged to be under arms the next morning at day-light, as every person not found in arms against Miranda were considered as his accomplices, and instantly executed. ‖ Miranda is aided by a British force, but the exact number not ascertained. He has been joined by a British frigate.

*MASSACHUSETTS.*

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 6.

*LATEST FROM EUROPE.*

Through the politeness of Mr. Hinkley, a passenger in the Sally-Anne, Capt. Glover, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, we received London papers seven days later than before on hand.

The British Parliament was prorogued the 23d July.—On that occasion the King announced, that "*he was engaged in discussions with a view to the accomplishment of peace;*"—the success of which would "*depend on a corresponding disposition on the part of France.*"—It is not stated, whether these discussions were making with or without the co-operation of Russia.—The greatest number of *believers* was in a *separate* negotiation.—Opinions on the issue of these discussions, were varient; but the promulgation of their existence had not effected any rise in the *Stocks*. On the 3d July the 3 per ct. Consols were at 64½.—On the 26th, at 62 7-8.—Therfore, seventeen days before the Message, the Stocks were nearly *two per cent.* higher than they were *three days after* its delivery. This shews, that, at least, the speculators did not believe in the near approach of peace. No relaxation of exertions in fitting out the strong expedition for the Mediterranean, was discoverable;—on the other hand the troops were embarking, and every thing indicated its immediate departure. Mr. Fox, at the last date, remained too ill to transact any public business:

M. D'Oubril, the Russian negotiator arrived at Paris the 6th July; where Count Metternich the new Austrian Ambassador was hastening. The ostensible object of the Russian minister was a negotiation for the exchange of prisoners; but it was evident the two Emperors were drawing closely the cords of amity. Bonaparte, it was reported, had demanded of England the exchange of 12,000 French sailors for 12,000 Russian prisoners in his hands.

New changes were talked of and expected in Germany; and two or three more Electors were to be translated into Kings. Hamburg Bremen and Lubec were to be taken under the protection of the French Emperor; and the march of 8000 French towards Rome, and another force into Leghorn, prognosticated the speedy downfal of the Pope, and Queen of Etruria. Large bodies of French troops were advancing from the Italian Kingdom towards Naples and Dalmatia;—evidently for the conquest of Sicily by the one and the extention of French power on the Adriatic by the other.

The misunderstanding between Sweden and Prussia was far from being compromised.—Warlike preparations were making on both sides. Swedish vessels werre excluded entering into any Spanish ports.

At the levee, the 21st July, Mr. Pinckney was presented in form to His Britannic Majesty by Mr. Munroe, and most graciously received.

A Dissolution of the British Parliament was so much expected, that a number of candidates were canvassing the elections. The present Parliament was chosen in August, 1802. Mr. Cobbett (Peter Porcuine) will set up for Westminster, against Lord Gardner.

Nothing official had been promulgated on the subject of the charges against the Princess of Wales.

September 10.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

An arrival at Norfolk from Algeziras (July 23) brings information of a report that the Spaniards were immediately to enter Portugal, and that thirteen regiments were in readiness at Algeziras to march for that object at a moment's notice.

FRENCH SQUADRON.

It is ascertained, that the French squadron, lately on our coast, has suffered severely in the gales of the 10th, 11th, and 12th August. This squadron, it will be recollected consisted of Le Foudroyant 80. Le Veteran 74 (M. Jerome's ship) Le Caffard 74, L'Impetuex 74, Le Patriote 74, L'Eole 74, La Valeureuse of 44, and it is said had been joined by Le Regulus 74, La President 44, La Sybelle 40, and a brig, which were returning from a cruize off the coast of Africa. One of this squadron, Le Patriote, Capt. Khram, arrived in the Chesapeake the 2d inst. with the loss of some of her masts, &c. La Valeureuse has arrived in the Delaware, also much damaged. Le Foudroyant, Admiral Willaumez's flag ship, was seen totally dismasted, and without a rudder, on the 21st 22d and 23d August, in lat. 26 deg. 19 min. long. 66 deg. 39 min. head to westward.

The last New-York paper mentions on the information of the master of a vessel from Richmond, that on the 30th ult. a French 84 went up the Chesapeake.

La Sybelle of 40 guns, anchored in Hampton Roads, the 28th August, under jury top-masts.

On Sunday the 31st ult. a French 44 arrived at Norfolk, and saluted the fort.—She was dismasted, her stern stove in, and quarters gone.

[It will be seen above, that originally Jerome had only frigate with him—If he were joined by the squadron from Africa, under Commodore L'Hermitte, as reported, then it is probable this 44 is La President of 44 guns:—and if so, all the frigates of both squadrons have arrived.]

There is no truth in the report, that Jerome Bonaparte has arrived at Baltimore, nor in that of the capture of twenty sail of the English West-India fleet, by his squadron.—It is probable the last is a mistake of the repetition of the captures made by Com. L'Hermitte's squadron on the coast of Africa.

The British Jamaica homeward bound fleet of 133 sail, convoyed by six 74's of Admiral Dacres squadron, and two frigates, were spoken August 8th, in lat. 44, long. 38, well on their way home.


# NEWPORT,

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1806.


☞ The Editor of the Mercury, agreeably to arrangement, as published for several weeks past, will commence the publication of two papers per week on the Second Wednesday in October. Subscribers who wish to be accommodated with both Wednesday's and Saturday's papers are requested to leave their names at the office in all this month.—The Saturday's paper will continue as at present, unconnected with the other, and will be sent to those Subscribers who do not inform us of their intention to take two papers per week.

☞ Subscriptions are received at the office of the Newport Mercury, for Mr. Fessenden's WEEKLY INSPECTOR, published at New-York. It is published every Saturday at the moderate price of three dollars per annum, payable half yearly *in advance*.—All orders for the Inspector, accompanied by the cash, will be immediately attended to, and the paper forwarded according to the direction.

We have received from New-York the first number of Mr. Fessenden's Weekly Inspector. It is neatly executed in the pamphlet form, octavo size. From the well known principles and talents of the editor we anticipate much utility to the cause of good government and good morals.

The following paragraph is copied from the Washington Federalist of the 3d inst. Whether the two millions of dollars were delivered and found sufficient to open the doors of negociation, remains to be learned when Mr. Munroe's dispatches shall be published, if ever that time should arrive.

"We have been informed that the negociation for the Floridas has failed. This information was received from Virginia very lately. It seems dispatches from Mr. Munroe, our minister at the British court, were conveyed to Monticello, by one of Mr. Munroe's family who lately landed at Boston.—This gentleman mentioned the failure on his way to the President's."

*Washington Federalist.*

At the Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees, of Washington Academy, held on the 27th ult. the following gentlemen were unanimously re-elected to the offices affixed to their respective names, for the year ensuing, viz:—

SAMUEL ELAM, *President.*
PETER PHILLIPS, *Vice President.*
WILLIAM G. SHAW, *Treasurer.*
DANIEL E. UPDIKE, *Secretary.*

Commencement at Brown University, Providence, was celebrated on Wednesday the 2d inst. The exercises consisted of orations, addresses, a poem, and a forensic. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on eighteen young gentlemen; and that of Master of Arts on twelve. The Rev. Henry Edes, of Providence; Rev. John Pipon, of Taunton, Rev. Joseph Clay, of Savannah, Rev. Elisha Williams, of Beverly, were admitted to the same degree they had received at other seminaries.

The Degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on the Rev. Mr. Cary, of Calcutta; the Rev. Mr. Hey, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Mr. Messer of Providence. The Rev. Dr. Rogers, of Philadelphia, concluded the exercises of the day with an appropriate prayer.

The last Southern papers contain many accounts of vessels being injured, off the coast, in the late Aug. gales.

MARRIED.—At Wickford, (R. I.) by the Rev. Mr. Northup, Mr. GEORGE W. TILLINGHAST, Merchant, to Miss SUSAN ELDRED, daughter of Mr. Robert Eldred, both of that town.

—At the Friends' Meeting House in this town on the 4th inst. Mr. DAVID RODMAN, to Miss JOANNA MITCHELL, daughter of Mr. Richard Mitchell, of Middletown.

DIED.—In this town Miss MARY DUNCAN, in the 55th year of her age.

## CUSTOM-HOUSE,

*District of NEWPORT, September 12.*

| ENTERED, | *From* |
|---|---|
| Sloop Caroline, Childs, | Boston |
| CLEARED, | *For* |
| Snow Rising-Sun Shearman, | St. Croix |
| Ship Hampden, Mayberry, | Madeira |
| Brig Marian, Lawton, | Africa |

## STOCK PLAYS.

*Just Received from New York, and for Sale at the OFFICE of the NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long Wharf, an extensive Assortment (consisting of more than SEVENTY DIFFERENT KINDS,) of*

LONGWORTH's elegant editions of choice English and German PLAYS, which are superior to any former editions, either English or American; and are twenty per cent. cheaper than ever before sold.—The prices are from 12 1-2 cents to $1 1-2 cents, only.—The following are a few of them, viz.

| *Title* | *Author* | *Price in Cts.* |
|---|---|---|
| Hamlet | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Guilty or not Guilty | Dibdin | 31 |
| Blue Beard | Colman, jun. | 12 |
| Il Bondocani | Dibdin | 12 |
| Richard III | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Sailor's Daughter | Cumberland | 25 |
| Soldier's Daughter | Cherry | 31 |
| Sprigs of Laurel | O'Keefe | 19 |
| Who Wants a Guinea | Colman, jun. | 31 |
| Poor Soldier | O'Keefe, | 12 |
| Fair Penitent | Rowe | 25 |
| School of Reform | Morton | 31 |
| Tempest | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Raising the Wind, | Kenney | 18 |
| The Duenna | Cumberland | 25 |
| The Deserter | Dibdin | 12 |
| Young Quaker, | O'Keefe | 25 |
| Wife of Two Husbands | Dunlap | 31 |

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1809.*

## For CHARLESTON, (S. C.)

THE fast-sailing Ship GOOD INTENT JOHN DENNIS Master, having excellent accommodations for Passengers, will sail in all next month.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master, or to

THOMAS DENNIS.

Who has for Sale a Cargo of handsome assorted Swede Iron to dispose of, by Wholesale or Retail.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## For NORFOLK & RICHMOND,

THE Sloop NANCY, burthen Fifty-seven tons, in complete order,—will sail in Ten days, For Freight or Passage apply to

BENEDICT SMITH.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## TO BE SOLD,

*On MONDAY the 29th Inst. at the Wharf of Capt. JAMES D'WOLFE,*

THE Ship BETSY, with her tackle and furniture, burthen about 180 tons, in good repair.—Conditions made known at the time and place of sale.—Liberal credit will be given for approved notes.

*Bristol, Sept. 10, 1806.*

## For CHARLESTON (S. C.)

THE fast-sailing Schooner BETSY, BENJAMIN COZZENS, Master, will sail on the first of October.—For Freight or Passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to the master on board, at HANDY's Wharf.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## TO BE SOLD, OR LET,

THE large, new STORE, with the Lot on which it stands, in Thames-street, at the corner of Mary-street, NO. 141, equal for situation and conveniences to any one in Newport.—Any person inclining to purchase, or hire, may know the terms by applying to

J. BOURS.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## TO BE LET,

*And entered immediately,*

THE handsome and spacious MANSION-HOUSE, with the appurtenances thereto belonging, late the property of Governor WANTON, deceased, situated in Thames-street.—Apply to

THOMAS WICKHAM.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## ATTENTION.

ALL commissioned Officers, belonging to the first regiment, commanded by Lieut. Col. Commandant Mc'Curry, are requested to meet at the State-House on Wednesday the 17th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. to make the necessary arrangements, previous to the parade day.

*By Order,*
THOMAS D. STALL,
*Brigade-Maj. & Insp. 1st Brig.*

Newport, Sept. 10, 1806.

## Valuable Sale at Auction.

TUESDAY, Sept. 16, at LOPEZ & DEXTER's OFFICE, on accommodating Credit, will commence the Sale of 19 Packages FRESH IMPORTED GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching Season.

160 pieces Bourbon Gurrahs.
200 Lackapor Baftas.
200 Jugda Do.
50 Tookiers.
100 Blue Gilla Handkerchiefs.
22 Superfine, Medium and low-priced Broadcloths.
16 assorted coloured Cassimere.
30 Red, white, blue and crimson Baizes.
27 White, red, yellow, black and green Flannels.
7 Spotted Swanskin.
20 Brown Linen.
32 Platillas Royal.
154 Britannias.
20 Bocadillas.
43 German Linens.
68 Fancy Calicoes.
29 Furniture Ditto
41 Glazed and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
31 Calimancoes, Russels and Russelets.
11 Bombazetts assorted colours.
9 Dozen Cotton Hose.
210 Knives and Forks.
207 Groce Coat and Vest Buttons.
30 lbs. assorted coloured Threads.
1 case Youth's Hats, assorted colours.
1 do. Men's do. black.

Sales to commence at Nine o'clock.

Positive orders are received to close the Sale of the above Goods; therefore great Bargains may be safely calculated upon.

*Conditions of Sale:*—

Under 50 Dollars cash—50 to 100, 60 days—100 to 200, three months—200 to 500, 5 months—exceeding 500, 4 and 6 months—for approved Notes, payable at either Bank in this town.

LOPEZ & DEXTER, *Auc'rs.*

## LOPEZ & DEXTER

*Offer at Private Sale.*

3 pipes high 4th-proof Cognac Brandy, (delicious Flavour).
6 casks Raisins.
7 chests of Souchong Tea.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

THE Connection which has subsisted under the firm of *Samuel* and *Joshua Lopez*, was, by mutual consent dissolved on the 1st inst.—All persons who are indebted, will please to make payment; and all those who have demands, will exhibit their claims for settlement.

SAMUEL LOPEZ,
JOSHUA LOPEZ.

The Auction and Commission business will in future be conducted by *Samuel Lopez* and *Horatio S. Dexter*, under the firm of *Lopez* and *Dexter*.—Those who may please to honor them with their business, may depend on their utmost exertions to give satisfaction.

SAMUEL LOPEZ,
HORATIO S. DEXTER.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## Rhode-Island Bridge Company.

AT a meeting of the Directors, on the 5th instant, a fourth assessment of Ten Dollars per share was ordered to be paid by the Stockholders to the Treasurer, on or before the first Monday in October next.

*N. B* The Stockholders are informed, that the progress of the Work, renders a punctual payment of the assessments absolutely necessary.

B. HAZARD, *Clerk.*

*Newport, Sept. 8, 1806.*

## STEPHEN DEBLOIS,

*No. 16, Spring-Street,*

INFORMS his customers and others who wish to purchase on low terms, he has just received, per the Rhody and Betsy, from Liverpool, via New-York, a very large and extensive assortment of Hardware Goods; also an excellent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, amongst which are Broadcloths of all qualities; Plains; Kerseymeres; German Serges; Fearnoughts; Coatings; Swandown and patent Cords of newest fashions, &c. &c. &c. all of which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

*N. B.* Those who are indebted to the estate of STEPHEN DEBLOIS, deceased, are once more called on for payment.—All accounts unsettled after November next, will be placed in an Attorney's hands.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

*To a candid PUBLIC.*

MY *Nominal* Husband, Mr. HENRY CAHOONE, having undertaken to vilify and defame me, by an advertisement in the Newport Mercury of the 6th inst for the purpose of accomplishing his wicked designs; it has become necessary on my part, to solicit the suspension of the public opinion, until a Judicial investigation can be obtained.—To a delicate mind, recrimination must be forever odious;—But when imperiously demanded by my personal vindication, I pledge myself, that I shall be in no want of materials.

CATHARINE CAHOONE.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

extract the following highly important intelligence.—

KINGSTON, JAM. AUG. 12.

By the schooner Stag, we learn that Gen. Miranda in the Leander, accompanied with 13 vessels, among which there was 1 or 2 ships, had arrived on the coast of South-America, and landed near Coro, of which he had got possession, and, by the reports prevalent at the departure of the Stag from Aruba, had been successful in several engagements with the Spaniards, and was penetrating into the country.

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*MASSACHUSETTS.*

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 6.

*LATEST FROM EUROPE.*

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The British Parliament was prorogued the 23d July.—On that occasion the King announced, that "*he was engaged in discussions with a view to the accomplishment of peace;*"—the success of which would "*depend on a corresponding disposition on the part of France.*"—It is not stated, whether these discussions were making with or without the co-operation of Russia.—The greatest number of *believers* was in a *separate* negotiation.—Opinions on the issue of these discussions, were varient; but the promulgation of their existence had not effected any rise in the *Stocks*. On the 3d July the 3 per ct. Consols were at 64¼.—On the 26th, at 62 7-8.—Therfore, seventeen days before the Message, the Stocks were nearly *two per cent.* higher than they were *three days after* its delivery. This shews, that, at least, the speculators did not believe in the near approach of peace. No relaxation of exertions in fitting out the strong expedition for the Mediterranean, was discoverable;—on the other hand the troops were embarking, and every thing indicated its immediate departure. Mr. Fox, at the last date, remained too ill to transact any public business:

M. D'Oubril, the Russian negotiator arrived at Paris the 6th July; where Count Metternich the new Austrian Ambassador was hastening. The ostensible object of the Russian minister was a negotiation for the exchange of prisoners; but it was evident the two Emperors were drawing closely the cords of amity. Bonaparte, it was reported, had demanded of England the exchange of 12,000 French sailors for 12,000 Russian prisoners in his hands.

New changes were talked of and expected in Germany; and two or three more Electors were to be translated into Kings. Hamburg Bremen and Lubec were to be taken under the protection of the French Emperor; and the march of 8000 French towards Rome, and another force into Leghorn, prognosticated the speedy downfal of the Pope, and Queen of Etruria. Large bodies of French troops were advancing from the Italian Kingdom towards Naples and Dalmatia;—evidentiy for the conquest of Sicily by the one and the extention of French power on the Adriatic by the other.

The misunderstanding between Sweden and Prussia was far from being compromised.—Warlike preparations were making on both sides. Swedish vessels werre excluded entering into any Spanish ports.

At the levee, the 21st July, Mr. Pinckney was presented in form to His Britannic Majesty by Mr. Munroe, and most graciously received.

A Dissolution of the British Parliament was so much expected, that a number of candidates were canvassing the elections. The present Parliament was chosen in August, 1802. Mr. Cobbett (Peter Porcuine) will set up for Westminster, against Lord Gardner.

Nothing official had been promulgated on the subject of the charges against the Princess of Wales.

September 10.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

An arrival at Norfolk from Algeziras (July 23) brings information of a report that the Spaniards were immediately to enter Portugal, and that thirteen regiments were in readiness at Algeziras to march for that object at a moment's notice.

FRENCH SQUADRON.

It is ascertained, that the French squadron, lately on our coast, has suffered severely in the gales of the 10th, 11th, and 12th August. This squadron, it will be recollected consisted of Le Foudroyant 80, Le Veteran 74 (M. Jerome's ship) Le Caffard 74, L'Impetuex 74, Le Patriote 74, L'Eole 74, La Valeurse of 44, and it is said had been joined by Le Regulus 74, La President 44, La Sybelle 40, and a brig, which were returning from a cruize off the coast of Africa. One of this squadron, Le Patriote, Capt. Khram, arrived in the Chesapeake the 2d inst. with the loss of some of her masts, &c. La Valeureuse has arrived in the Delaware, also much damaged. Le Foudroyant, Admiral Willaumez's flag ship, was seen totally dismasted, and without a rudder, on the 21st 22d and 23d August, in lat. 26 deg. 19 min. long. 66 deg. 39 min. head to westward.

The last New-York paper mentions on the information of the master of a vessel from Richmond, that on the 30th ult. a French 84 went up the Chesapeake.

La Sybelle of 40 guns, anchored in Hampton Roads, the 28th August, under jury top-masts.

On Sunday the 31st ult. a French 44 arrived at Norfolk, and saluted the fort.—She was dismasted, her stern stove in, and quarters gone.

[It will be seen above, that originally Jerome had only frigate with him—If he were joined by the squadron from Africa, under Commodore L'Hermitte, as reported, then it is probable this 44 is La President of 44 guns:—and if so, all the frigates of both squadrons have arrived.]

There is no truth in the report, that Jerome Bonaparte has arrived at Baltimore, nor in that of the capture of twenty sail of the English West-India fleet, by his squadron.—It is probable the last is a mistake of the repetition of the captures made by Com. L'Hermitte's squadron on the coast of Africa.

The British Jamaica homeward bound fleet of 133 sail, convoyed by six 74's of Admiral Dacres squadron, and two frigates, were spoken August 8th, in lat. 44, long. 38, well on their way home.


# NEWPORT,

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1806.


☞ The Editor of the Mercury, agreeably to arrangement, as published for several weeks past, will commence the publication of two papers per week on the Second Wednesday in October. Subscribers who wish to be accommodated with both Wednesday's and Saturday's papers are requested to leave their names at the office in all this month.—The Saturday's paper will continue as at present, unconnected with the other, and will be sent to those Subscribers who do not inform us of their intention to take two papers per week.

☞ Subscriptions are received at the office of the Newport Mercury, for Mr. Fessenden's WEEKLY INSPECTOR, published at New-York. It is published every Saturday at the moderate price of three dollars per annum, payable half yearly *in advance*.—All orders for the Inspector, accompanied by the cash, will be immediately attended to, and the paper forwarded according to the direction.

We have received from New-York the first number of Mr. Fessenden's Weekly Inspector. It is neatly executed in the pamphlet form, octavo size. From the well known principles and talents of the editor we anticipate much utility to the cause of good government and good morals.

The following paragraph is copied from the Washington Federalist of the 3d inst. Whether the two millions of dollars were delivered and found sufficient to open the doors of negociation, remains to be learned when Mr. Munroe's dispatches shall be published, if ever that time should arrive.

"We have been informed that the negociation for the Floridas has failed. This information was received from Virginia very lately. It seems dispatches from Mr. Munroe, our minister at the British court, were conveyed to Monticello, by one of Mr. Munroe's family who lately landed at Boston.—This gentleman mentioned the failure on his way to the President's."

*Washington Federalist.*

At the Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees, of Washington Academy, held on the 27th ult. the following gentlemen were unanimously re-elected to the offices affixed to their respective names, for the year ensuing, viz:—

SAMUEL ELAM, *President.*
PETER PHILLIPS, *Vice President.*
WILLIAM G. SHAW, *Treasurer.*
DANIEL E. UPDIKE, *Secretary.*

Commencement at Brown University, Providence, was celebrated on Wednesday the 2d inst. The exercises consisted of orations, addresses, a poem, and a forensic. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on eighteen young gentlemen; and that of Master of Arts on twelve. The Rev. Henry Edes, of Providence; Rev. John Pipon, of Taunton, Rev. Joseph Clay, of Savannah, Rev. Elisha Williams, of Beverly, were admitted to the same degree they had received at other seminaries.

The Degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on the Rev. Mr. Cary, of Calcutta; the Rev. Mr. Hey, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Mr. Messer of Providence. The Rev. Dr. Rogers, of Philadelphia, concluded the exercises of the day with an appropriate prayer.

The last Southern papers contain many accounts of vessels being injured, off the coast, in the late Aug. gales.

MARRIED.—At Wickford, (R. I.) by the Rev. Mr. Northup, Mr. GEORGE W. TILLINGHAST, Merchant, to Miss SUSAN ELDRED, daughter of Mr. Robert Eldred, both of that town.

—At the Friends' Meeting House in this town on the 4th inst. Mr. DAVID RODMAN, to Miss JOANNA MITCHELL, daughter of Mr. Richard Mitchell, of Middletown.

DIED.—In this town Miss MARY DUNCAN, in the 55th year of her age.

## CUSTOM-HOUSE,

*District of Newport, September 12.*

| ENTERED, | *From* |
|---|---|
| Sloop Caroline, Childs, | Boston |
| CLEARED, | *For* |
| Snow Rising-Sun Shearman, | St. Croix |
| Ship Hampden, Mayberry, | Madeira |
| Brig Marian, Lawton, | Africa |

## STOCK PLAYS.

*Just Received from New York, and for Sale at the OFFICE of the NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long Wharf, an extensive Assortment (consisting of more than SEVENTY DIFFERENT KINDS,) of*

LONGWORTH's elegant editions of choice English and German PLAYS, which are superior to any former editions, either English or American; and are twenty per cent. cheaper than ever before sold.—The prices are from 12 1-2 cents to 31 1-2 cents, only.—The following are a few of them, viz.

| *Title* | *Author* | *Price in Cts.* |
|---|---|---|
| Hamlet | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Guilty or not Guilty | Dibdin | 31 |
| Blue Beard | Colman, jun. | 12 |
| Il Bondocani | Dibdin | 12 |
| Richard III | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Sailor's Daughter | Cumberland | 25 |
| Soldier's Daughter | Cherry | 31 |
| Sprigs of Laurel | O'Keefe | 19 |
| Who Wants a Guinea | Colman, jun. | 31 |
| Poor Soldier | O'Keefe, | 12 |
| Fair Penitent | Rowe | 25 |
| School of Reform | Morton | 31 |
| Tempest | Shakespeare | 31 |
| Raising the Wind, | Kenney | 18 |
| The Duenna | Cumberland | 25 |
| The Deserter | Dibdin | 12 |
| Young Quaker, | O'Keefe | 25 |
| Wife of Two Husbands | Dunlap | 31 |

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

For CHARLESTON, (S. C.)

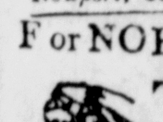
THE fast-sailing Ship GOOD INTENT JOHN DENNIS Master, having excellent accommodations for Passengers, will sail in all next month.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master, or to

THOMAS DENNIS.

Who has for Sale a Cargo of handsome assorted Swede Iron to dispose of, by Wholesale or Retail.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

For NORFOLK & RICHMOND,



THE Sloop NANCY, burthen Fifty-seven tons, in complete order,—will sail in Ten days, For Freight or Passage apply to

BENEDICT SMITH.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

TO BE SOLD,

*On MONDAY the 29th Inst. at the Wharf of Capt. JAMES D'WOLFE,*

THE Ship BETSY, with her tackle and furniture, burthen about 180 tons, in good repair.—Conditions made known at the time and place of sale.—Liberal credit will be given for approved notes.

*Bristol, Sept. 10, 1806.*

For CHARLESTON (S. C.)

THE fast-sailing Schooner BETSY, BENJAMIN COZZENS, Master, will sail on the first of October.—For Freight or Passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to the master on board, at HANDY's Wharf.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

TO BE SOLD, OR LET,

THE large, new STORE, with the Lot on which it stands, in Thames-street, at the corner of Mary-street, NO. 141, equal for situation and conveniences to any one in Newport.—Any person inclining to purchase, or hire, may know the terms by applying to

J. BOURS.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

TO BE LET,

*And entered immediately,*

THE handsome and spacious MANSION-HOUSE, with the appurtenances thereto belonging, late the property of Governor WANTON, deceased, situated in Thames-street.—Apply to

THOMAS WICKHAM.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## ATTENTION.

ALL commissioned Officers, belonging to the first regiment, commanded by Lieut. Col. Commandant Mc'Curry, are requested to meet at the State-House on Wednesday the 17th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. to make the necessary arrangements, previous to the parade day.

*By Order,*
THOMAS D. STALL,
*Brigade-Maj. & Insp. 1st Brig.*

Newport, Sept. 10, 1806.

## Valuable Sale at Auction.

TUESDAY, Sept. 16, at LOPEZ & DEXTER's OFFICE, on accommodating Credit, will commence the Sale of 19 Packages FRESH IMPORTED GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching Season.

| | |
|---|---|
| 160 | pieces Bourbon Gurrahs. |
| 200 | Lackapor Baftas. |
| 200 | Jugda Do. |
| 50 | Tookiers. |
| 100 | Blue Gilla Handkerchiefs. |
| 22 | Superfine, Medium and low-priced Broadcloths. |
| 16 | assorted coloured Cassimere. |
| 30 | Red, white, blue and crimson Baizes. |
| 27 | White, red, yellow, black and green Flannels. |
| 7 | Spotted Swanskin. |
| 20 | Brown Linen. |
| 32 | Platillas Royal. |
| 154 | Britannias. |
| 20 | Bocadillas. |
| 43 | German Linens. |
| 68 | Fancy Calicoes. |
| 29 | Furniture Ditto |
| 41 | Glazed and undress'd Cambric Muslins. |
| 31 | Calimancoes, Russels and Russelets. |
| 11 | Bombazetts assorted colours. |
| 9 | Dozen Cotton Hose. |
| 210 | Knives and Forks. |
| 207 | Groce Coat and Vest Buttons. |
| 30 | lbs. assorted coloured Threads. |
| 1 | case Youth's Hats, assorted colours. |
| 1 | do. Men's do. black. |

Sales to commence at Nine o'clock.

Positive orders are received to close the Sale of the above Goods; therefore great Bargains may be safely calculated upon.

*Conditions of Sale:*—

Under 50 Dollars cash—50 to 100, 60 days—100 to 200, three months—200 to 500, 5 months—exceeding 500, 4 and 6 months—for approved Notes, payable at either Bank in this town.

LOPEZ & DEXTER, *Auc'rs.*

## LOPEZ & DEXTER

*Offer at Private Sale.*

3 pipes high 4th-proof Cognac Brandy (delicious Flavour).
6 casks Raisins.
7 chests of Souchong Tea.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

THE Connection which has subsisted under the firm of *Samuel* and *Joshua Lopez*, was, by mutual consent dissolved on the 28th ult.—All persons who are indebted, will please to make payment; and all those who have demands, will exhibit their claims for settlement.

SAMUEL LOPEZ,
JOSHUA LOPEZ.

The Auction and Commission business will in future be conducted by *Samuel Lopez* and *Horatio S. Dexter*, under the firm of *Lopez* and *Dexter*.—Those who may please to honor them with their business, may depend on their utmost exertions to give satisfaction.

SAMUEL LOPEZ,
HORATIO S. DEXTER.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## Rhode-Island Bridge Company.

AT a meeting of the Directors, on the 5th instant, a fourth assessment of Ten Dollars per share was ordered to be paid by the Stockholders to the Treasurer, on or before the first Monday in October next.

*N. B.* The Stockholders are informed, that the progress of the Work, renders a punctual payment of the assessments absolutely necessary.

B. HAZARD, *Clerk.*

*Newport, Sept. 8, 1806.*

## STEPHEN DEBLOIS,

*No. 16, Spring-Street,*

INFORMS his customers and others who wish to purchase on low terms, he has just received, per the Rhody and Betsy, from Liverpool, via New-York, a very large and extensive assortment of Hardware Goods; also an excellent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, amongst which are Broadcloths of all qualities; Plains; Kerseymeres; German Serges; Fearnoughts; Coatings; Swandown and patent Cords of newest fashions, &c. &c. &c. all of which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

*N. B.* Those who are indebted to the estate of STEPHEN DEBLOIS, deceased, are once more called on for payment.—All accounts unsettled after November next, will be placed in an Attorney's hands.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

*To a candid PUBLIC.*

MY *Nominal* Husband, Mr. HENRY CAHOONE, having undertaken to vilify and defame me, by an advertisement in the Newport Mercury of the 6th inst. for the purpose of accomplishing his wicked designs; it has become necessary on my part, to solicit the suspension of the public opinion, until a Judicial investigation can be obtained.—To a delicate mind, recrimination must be forever odious;—But when imperiously demanded by my personal vindication, I pledge myself, that I shall be in no want of materials.

CATHARINE CAHOONE.

*Newport, Sept. 12, 1806.*

## POETRY.

*From the* MIDDLETOWN *(Con.)* GAZETTE.

### FAREWELL TO LITCHFIELD HILL.

*The following piece is taken from the* PROVIDENCE GAZETTE, *having been revised and corrected by the Author, since its original publication.*

SUBLIME habitation, adieu!
Where virtue hath builded her throne;
And her beams more refplendently glow,
Than the fun on thy fummits at noon.

My heart heaves a figh of regret,
As you flowly recede from my view;
And I gaze with a gloomy delight,
As I paufe and re-murmur, adieu

For in thy retreat have I feen,
*True Happiness* deigning to dwell;
She, who rare in a Palace hath been,
Would gladden the heights of the Hill.

She would trip with the maids in the grove,
And heighten the laugh and the joke;
Or in foft meditations of love,
With a fwain fhe would fit by the brook.

In a City *great fops* I have feen,
And many a *fimpering Miss:*
And a nod, or a wink, or a grin,
Alas! was their fummit of blifs!

I turn'd to the fwains of the Hill,
And their intellect fparkled delight:
I turn'd to its Nymphs, and their fmile,
Shew *Virtue enlighten'd by Wit.*

With you too, the moments were gay,
My companions of *ftudy* and *mirth!*
And they glided fo fweetly away,
They were gone ere I counted their worth.

So paffes our youth, like a fmile,
On a breeze, 'mong the odours of fpring;
It wantons and fports for a while,
Then dies, like a Dove on the wing.

With you I can feelingly fay,
Improvement came join'd with delight:
For *Learning* made pleafant the day,
And *Wit* cheer'd the *feftival night.*

With you too, alas! I muft part.
Should it be an eternal farewell,
*Fond Memory* fhall write on my heart,
*The hours we have paff'd on the Hill!*

ALBERT.

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## *COMMERCE* OF THE *MEDITERRANEAN.*

*Just Received from New-York, and for Sale at the* OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long-Wharf, *a new and valuable work,* (in 1 vol. crown octavo,) *entitled*

"REFLECTIONS ON THE COMMERCE OF THE MEDITERRANEAN—Deduced from actual experience during a refidence on both fhores of the Mediterranean fea—containing a particular account of the Trafic of the kingdoms of Algiers, Tunis, Sardinia, Naples, and Sicily; the Morea, &c &c. &c.—with an impartial examination into the Manners and Cuftoms of the Inhabitants in their commercial dealings—and a particular defcription of the Manufactures properly adapted for each country.—By JOHN JACKSON, Efq. F. S. A. author of the Journey over land from India, &c. in 1 vol. 8vo.

This work has attracted the attention and high approbation of commercial men in Europe. It abounds in facts very important to all thofe engaged in the Mediterranean trade; its details are intereffing, and its reafoning correct. It is conceived that, in the prefent fituation of this country, a work of this nature, and which, like the one before us, is acknowledged to be written with much ability and knowledge of the fubject, muft, in a peculiar manner, intereft the mercantile clafs of our community.

It difcloles new fources of wealth fpringing from a commerce with countries with which our correfpondence has been hitherto partial and defultory. It is a commerce, too, which the United States are capable of carrying on with extraordinary advantages; our Fifheries alone furnifh ample refources for its maintenance.

As it refpects this production, it may perhaps to many be fatisfactory to know, that the Edinburgh Review, the moft learned and fevere of all the Reviews published in Great-Britain, fpeaks of it as a work of great importance and utility, and beftows upon it a commendation as uncommon as it is merited.

*** This work gives a particular defcription of the products of the Mediterranean countries—the places where and times when they are gathered and collected—their ufes, value, prices, and mode in which they fhould be purchafed—manner in which they are offered for fale—the articles proper to be carried to the Mediterranean—mode of carrying them—profits upon exports and imports mercantile character of the different nations of the Mediterranean; their intercourfe with other nations; national policy and economy; their mode of making contracts; courfe of exchanges; comparifon of the relative value of the fame products of different places; their cuftom houfe duties, and the beft manner of leffening their amount; advantages and difadvantages of the eftablifhment of confuls; impofitions to which foreigners are liable; beft ports for anchorage and for trade; the different trading companies and eftablifhments; their privileges; the prevalence and courfe of winds; and a variety of other intereffing articles.

*Newport, Auguft* 29, 1805

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RAN away from the fubfcriber, on the 13th inft. a Negro Boy named AARON, about 16 years of age; wore away a ftriped flannel jacket and ftriped cotton trowfers, and has loft part of the fore finger of his right hand. All perfons are forbid harbouring or employing faid Boy on penalty of the law; and whoever will take up faid Runaway, and fecure him, and give the fubfcriber information, fhall be generoufly rewarded; and all reafonable charges paid by

GIDEON SHEARMAN.

---

## *TO THE PUBLIC.*

THE Subfcriber moft refpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general, That he has lately built a large and commodious Packet, called the GOLDEN AGE, (*Philip Austin* matter, who has been a number of years in the Packeting quality, and has given great fatisfaction to all ranks of people)—She is for the purpofe of accommodating Families, Gentlemen and Ladies to and from New-York, to Newport and Providence—She is well found, every thing being new and of the beft materials; and is as well calculated for fafety, as any veffel ever built in this State; her Cabin and her accommodations are equal, if not fuperior to any Packet in America, or any part of the globe; and fails remarkably faft

The price for a Paffage from New-York to Newport and Providence, is as heretofore; and Freights as cheap as any other Packet in the Trade. She will fail from and return to *James Perry's* Wharf. All thofe that are difpofed to take Paffage, and give Freight to faid Packet, are requefted to apply to the matter on board, or at ftore No. 3, on faid Wharf

### *ALSO*

The faft-failing Packet, GENERAL GREEN, *George Perry*, matter, will fail from and return to faid Wharf, being in compleat order, for New-London and Norwich, Newport and Providence, as a fteady Packet.—For Freight or Paffage apply to the matter on board, or as above.

### *ALSO,*

THE faft-failing and beautiful Packet MINERVA, *Ray Bliven* matter, for Providence and Newport.—She will fail from and return to faid Wharf, or any other place, to accommodate Paffengers.

*N. B.* As the above Packets are to accommodate the Public, they will take Gentlemen and Ladies to almoft any place whatever, either on a party of pleafure, or on bufinefs.

Storage to be had as ufual, in excellent ftores.

JAMES PERRY

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*In Town-Meeting, Aug.* 26, 1806.

VOTED, That from and after the tenth of September next, enfuing, no Perfon or Perfons leave, during the night, in any Street or Streets, or Road within the Precincts of this Town, any obftruction fuch as Wood, Stones, Bricks, Frames of Buildings, or any other hindrance to the free paffage of the Citizens, unlefs Lamps be placed near fuch obftruction, or fufficient Lights be fo placed as to fhow fuch obftruction.—And that if any perfon or perfons fhall Intentionally, or by neglect, leave any obftruction without fufficient Light, he fhall forfeit the fum of Five Dollars; to be recovered for the benefit of the Poor, before any Juftice of the Peace within faid Precinct; and that the fame be publifhed three weeks in the Newport Mercury.

*Witness,* JONATHAN ALMY, *Clerk*

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ALL perfons having any demands againft the eftate of RUTH WOODMAN, of Little-Compton, deceafed, are requefted to exhibit the fame to the fubfcriber for fettlement; and all thofe indebted to faid eftate are defired to make immediate payment to

JOHN WOODMAN, *Executor.*

Little-Compton, Aug. 25, 1806.

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JOHN BAKER

*HAS FOR SALE,*

PIPES of Brandy.
Do. Gin.
St. Croix Rum per hogfhead.
Sugar in barrels and boxes.
Molaffes by the hogfhead.
500 bufhels of Turks-Ifland Salt.
Flour per barrel.
80 barrels of NO. 2 Beef.

*Newport, March* 7, 1806.

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## *NOTICE.*

PERSONS defirous of becoming fubfcribers for Pews in the Methodift Meeting-Houfe, to be erected in this town, will pleafe apply to Mr. B. WIGHTMAN, or Capt. J. APPLEBY, who are authorized to collect Subfcribers.—The building will be commenced in a few days, on part of the eftate, late Chriftopher Ellery's, Efq.

*Newport, Auguft* 15, 1806.

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PALMER & COE,

*CABINET-MAKERS, No.* 18 *Long-Wharf,* Refpectfully inform their friends and the public, THAT they have on Hand, a variety of Cabinet-Furniture of the neweft fafhions, which they will difpofe of on the moft reafonable terms.—They return their grateful acknowledgments to thofe who have been pleafed to favour them with their cuftom, and folicit a continuance of their favours.

---

GODFREY WENWOOD

*HAS FOR SALE,*

*On the most reasonable Terms.*

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin-Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour of the firft quality; Molaffes by the gallon; coarfe and brown ditto by the bufhel; Ginger and Pearl-Afh by retail.—Alfo Mythic Tyle by the dozen, and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred.

Hops by the pound; Malt by the bufhel or fmaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the bufhel Coal by the bufhel. *Newport, June* 1806

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FLAXSEED, WANTED,

For which the higheft Price will be given by

CHRISTOPHER RHODES.

*Newport, Auguft* 15, 1806.

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*FOR SALE*

MEIN[illegible]S,

*No.* 77 *Thames-ftreet,*

*Oppofite Mr. Townfend's Coffee-Houfe.*

THIRTY Hogfheads Jamaica 4th-proof Rum.
20 boxes Havanna brown Sugar.
6 do. white do.
50 empty Geneva cafes.
8 quarter-cafks fherry Wine of a fuperior quality.
1000 lbs excellent old Cheefe.
Cognac and Spanifh Brandy per pipe.
Holland's Geneva do.
New Rum per hogfhead.
New-York Soap per box.
Connecticut mould Candles per do.
Bohea, Souchong and young-hyfon Tea, per chefts

Alfo,—A large and extenfive aflortment of GROCERIES at retail. Likewife, 4 bales blue Nankeens.

Newport, July 25, 1806.

---

*Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.*

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

At No. 118, Thames-Street,

*HAVE FOR SALE,*

LINSEED OIL boil'd or unboil'd
Beft London White-Lead.
Spanifh Brown.
Whiting Venetian Red; India Do.
Stone and Spruce-Yellow.
Red Lead Patent Yellow.
Verdigreafe Pruffian-Blue.
Gold and Silver Leaf.
Lethargе White Vitriol.
Painter's Brufhes and Tools.
Scrubbing and Tar-Brufhes.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright and Black Varnifh.
Window-Glafs and Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry properly prepared.

By fending the Dimenfion of a Houfe, Room, Veffel, &c. &c. their diftant cuftomers may be fupplied with a fufficient quantity of colours for any work at the fhorteft notice, with directions to ufe them. *April* 19 1805

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*FOR SALE, BY*

CHARLES C. HOSKINS & CO.

*At their STORE, No.* 112 & 115 *Thames-Street*

TWENTY Barrels of fuperfine and fine Flour.
Half Barrels Do.
7 Tons Hemp.
Ruffia and Ravens Duck.
Ruffia Sheeting.
Sheet Lead.
4 and 6 lb. Iron Shot.
Seine and fewing Twine.
Nails; Brads; and Tacks.
Bunting; red, white and blue.
Ship-Chandlery; Crockery and Glafs Ware.

Alfo a general aflortment of Weft-India Goods, Wholefale and Retail.

*N. B.* Juft received and for fale as above, 6 pipes 4th and 2d proof Old Cognac Brandy; boxes Bourdeaux Claret, of two dozen bottles each, of a fuperior quality.

*Newport, April* 18, 1806.

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*FOR SALE, BY*

WM. & H. MOORE,

*No.* 5, *Market-Square,*

JAMAICA Spirits
N. E. Rum
French Brandy
Geneva
Molaffes
} by the hogfhead or barrel

Port
Sherry
Lifbon
Madeira
Malaga
} WINES

Bohea
Souchong
Hyfon-fkin
} TEAS

Brown Sugar per box or barrel
Loaf and powdered Do.
Chocolate per box, dozen or fingle pound
50 barrels Flour
10 cafks excellent Rice
Pimento and Caffia
Indigo and Starch
Coffee per bag, dozen or fingle pound

☞ Sundry Goods in the Hard-Ware line as ufual, cheap for cafh or approved Notes.

*Newport, July* 18, 1806.

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NOW Landing, at LONG-WHARF, the Cargo of the Ship GEORGE WASHINGTON, from St. Petersburgh, conffting of

90 Tons clean Hemp;
45 Do. old Sable Iron. } Flat Bars.
30 Do. new Sable Do. }
15 Do. old Do. Do. 3-4, 1, and 1 1-4 inches fquare.
2 Do. Yellow Tallow.
2 Do. Flax.
Ruffia and Ravens Duck, of the firft Quality,

for fale, by

SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN,

For Cafh, or unqueftionable Notes *only*, at either Bank.

---

THE fubfcriber having been duly appointed Adminiftrator on the eftate of *William Woodde*, late of Tiverton, deceafed, and having given bonds according to law, for the faithful difcharge of the truft repofed in him, requefts all perfons who are indebted to faid eftate to make immediate payment, and all thofe who have any demands againft faid eftate, to exhibit them to him for fettlement.

CALEB WODDLE, *Admx.*

*Tiverton, Auguft* 13, 1806.

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FOR SALE,

A BRICK HOUSE, fituated near the Rev Mr. Tenney's Meeting-Houfe, large enough for a middling Family, with the Garden Lot adjoining, and a Right in an excellent Well of Water near to the Houfe, under which is a deep, dry Cellar.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

*Newport, June* 6, 1806.

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## *NEW GOODS.*

SOLOMON TOWNSEND & CO.

*Inform their Friends and the Public, that they have just received a handsome supply of* GOODS; *among which are,*

EXCELLENT Dutch black Cloth
Extra fuperfine Engliſh blue and black do.
Excellent blue and black and drab Caffimeres
A handfome aflortment of fummer Wafhcoating
Very fine Linens and Long Lawns
Fine 3-4 and 4-4 fhirting Cottons
Men's fuperfine cotton Hofe
Men's black Engliſh filk do
Men's lead-coloured filk Gloves
Parafols and Luteftrings
Umbrelas
Plain and ftriped cotton Caffimeres
White Jeans
Very fine white Flannels
Extra long white and coloured kid Gloves
Picnic Gloves and Mitts
Silk Sleeves
Fine 1 and 7-8 Diaper
Eight pieces ingrained floor and ftair Carpeting
White, buff and pink Barcelona Handkerchiefs
6-4 to 8-4 filk Shawls' plaid and damafked
Pink, buff, blue and white Ginghams
Silk and cotton Shambray Muflins
Lenoe, picquet, and laced Muflins
6-4 cambric Dimities
Ladies fuperfine white and black cotton Hofe with clocks
Do black, ſlate, white and flefh-coloured filk do.
Tiffany Fans
A few pieces of handſome furniture Dimity
Elegant furniture Chintz of twelve different patterns and colours
White and rich coloured chintz Fringe
White and rich Bed-Lace
Fine diaper Table-Cloths, 5-4 to 12-4
5-4 and 6-4 Diaper, ſuitable for Do.
Cane and Willow in ſheets
White Crapes
Fine India Book-Muſlins.

*Newport, June* 6, 1806.

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## NOTICE.

THE Subfcriber Executrix of the late Will and Teftament of her late Husband. *Benjamin Mason*, of Newport Phyfician deceafed finding that accounts in his books againft a number of perfons are ſtill unfettled again requefts all perfons who are thus indebted to his eſtate to make immediate payment or to give their notes to her for the fums refpectively due from them to the faid eſtate.—And ſhe hereby gives notice that all ſuch accounts which ſhall remain unfettled until after the 21ſt of September next will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for fettlement.

MARGARET MASON, *Exec'x.*

*Newport, July* 25 1806.

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THE Subfcriber having been duly appointed adminiſtrator on the eſtate of his Father, CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN, late of Newport, in the State of Rhode-Iſland, merchant, deceaſed, and having given bond according to law, for the faithful diſcharge of the truſt thereby repoſed in him, requeſts all perſons who are indebted to ſaid eſtate to make immediate payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt it, to exhibit them to him.

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN, *Adm.*

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JAMES PERRY

*HAS FOR SALE,*

ONE Hundred Hogſheads of good Retailing Molaſſes.

*Newport, June* 27, 1806.

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## TAKE NOTICE.

ALL perſons who are indebted to the late firm of RHODES & HAMMOND, are requeſted to call at the Store of the Subcriber, and ſettle the ſame without delay.

JAMES HAMMOND.

*Newport, Auguſt* 22, 1806.

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*NEW SHOE-STORE.*

JOHN W. DAVIS

*Reſpectfully informs his friends and the public,*

THAT he has juſt received from Boſton and Lynn, a handſome aſſortment of Shoes, Slippers, &c. &c. of the lateſt and neweſt faſhions, and now offers them for ſale at his Shoe-ſtore, No 1, corner of Mill-ſtreet, and directly oppoſite the Auction-ſtore of Meſſrs. *Samuel* and *Joshua Lopez.*—Among them are,

Ladies Engliſh Kid, ſquare and ſharp Toes.
Do. Morocco, with and without heels,
Do. black Velvet, Do. Do. Do.
Miſſes Kid and Morocco Shoes and Slippers, of different ſizes and qualities.
Women's and miſſes Leather do. do.
Children's of all kinds.
Men's Morocco Pumps, of the firſt quality.

He alſo occupies a ſhop, where he employs a number of experienced workmen, and from which he is conſtantly ſupplied with men's Boots and Shoes, of every deſcription.—Now on hand,

Men's (cuſtomers) calf-ſkin Shoes of the beſt kind,
Boy's do. do. do.
Suwarrow and Top-Boots,
Half-Leg Draw do.
Thick Sea do.
} Square and Sharp-Toe

Low-priced Shoes by the dozen, ſuitable for ſhipping.

Boot-Legs; Goat and Sheep-ſkins, for binding.

☞ To his former cuſtomers he returns his ſincere acknowledgments, and ſolicits a continuance of their favours.—He flatters himſelf that, from his unremitted exertions to pleaſe, he ſhall be able to give ſatisfaction to all who may pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.—Conſtant attendance will be given; and the ſmalleſt favour, in the line of his profeſſion, will be gratefully received, and duly acknowledged.

*N. B* SHOES and BOOTS, made as uſual, to any meaſure, at the ſhorteſt notice.

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*Wanted immediately,*

A ſmart active, faithful LAD, about 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the above buſineſs.

*Newport, July* 11, 1806.

## POETRY.

*From the* MIDDLETOWN *(Con.)* GAZETTE.

### FAREWELL TO LITCHFIELD HILL.

*The following piece is taken from the* PROVIDENCE GAZETTE, *having been revised and corrected by the Author, since its original publication.*

SUBLIME habitation, adieu!
Where virtue hath builded her throne;
And her beams more resplendently glow,
Than the sun on thy summits at noon.

My heart heaves a sigh of regret,
As you slowly recede from my view;
And I gaze with a gloomy delight,
As I pause and re-murmur, adieu

For in thy retreat have I seen,
*True Happiness* deigning to dwell;
She, who rare in a Palace hath been,
Would gladden the heights of the Hill.

She would trip with the maids in the grove,
And heighten the laugh and the joke;
Or in soft meditttionsa of love,
With a swain she would sit by the brook.

In a City *great fops* I have seen,
And many a *simpering Miss:*
And a nod, or a wink, or a grin,
Alas! was their summit of bliss!

I turn'd to the swains of the Hill,
And their intellect sparkled delight:
I turn'd to its Nymphs, and their smile,
Shew *Virtue enlighten'd by Wit.*

With *you* too, the moments were gay,
My companions of *study* and *mirth!*
And they glided so sweetly away,
They were gone ere I counted their worth.

So passes our youth, like a smile,
On a breeze, 'mong the odours of spring;
It wantons and sports for a while,
Then dies, like a Dove on the wing.

With you I can feelingly say,
Improvement came join'd with delight:
For *Learning* made pleasant the day,
And *Wit* cheer'd the *festival night.*

With you too, alas! I must part.
Should it be an eternal farewell,
*Fond Memory* shall write on my heart,
*The hours we have pass'd on the Hill!*

ALBERT.

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## *COMMERCE OF THE MEDITERRANEAN.*

*Just Received from New-York, and for Sale at the* OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long-Wharf, *a new and valuable work,* (in 1 vol. crown octavo,) *entitled*

"REFLECTIONS ON THE COMMERCE OF THE MEDITERRANEAN—Deduced from actual experience during a residence on both shores of the Mediterranean sea—containing a particular account of the Traffic of the kingdoms of Algiers, Tunis, Sardinia, Naples, and Sicily; the Morea, &c &c. &c.—with an impartial examination into the Manners and Customs of the Inhabitants in their commercial dealings—and a particular description of the Manufactures properly adapted for each country.—By JOHN JACKSON, Esq. F. S. A. author of the Journey over land from India, &c. in 1 vol. 8vo.

This work has attracted the attention and high approbation of commercial men in Europe. It abounds in facts very important to all those engaged in the Mediterranean trade; its details are interesting, and its reasoning correct. It is conceived that, in the present situation of this country, a work of this nature, and which, like the one before us, is acknowledged to be written with much ability and knowledge of the subject, must, in a peculiar manner, interest the mercantile class of our community.

It discloses new sources of wealth springing from a commerce with countries with which our correspondence has been hitherto partial and desultory. It is a commerce, too, which the United States are capable of carrying on with extraordinary advantages; our Fisheries alone furnish ample resources for its maintenance.

As it respects this production, it may perhaps to many be satisfactory to know, that the Edinburgh Review, the most learned and severe of all the Reviews published in Great-Britain, speaks of it as a work of great importance and utility, and bestows upon it a commendation as uncommon as it is merited.

*** This work gives a particular description of the products of the Mediterranean countries—the places where and times when they are gathered and collected - their uses, value, prices, and mode in which they should be purchased—manner in which they are offered for sale—the articles proper to be carried to the Mediterranean—mode of carrying them—profits upon exports and imports mercantile character of the different nations of the Mediterranean; their intercourse with other nations; national policy and economy; their mode of making contracts; course of exchanges; comparison of the relative value of the same products of different places; their custom-house duties, and the best manner of lessening their amount; advantages and disadvantages of the establishment of consuls; impositions to which foreigners are liable; best ports for anchorage and for trade; the different trading companies and establishments; their privileges: the prevalence and course of winds; and a variety of other interesting articles.

*Newport, August* 29, 1805.

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RAN away from the subscriber, on the 13th inst. a Negro Boy named AARON, about 15 years of age; wore away a striped flannel jacket and striped tow-cloth trowsers, and his hat had part of the brim torn off. All persons are forbid harbouring or employing said Boy on penalty of the law; and whomsoever will take up said Runaway, and secure him, and give the subscriber information, shall be generously rewarded; and all necessary charges paid, by

GIDEON SHEARMAN.

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## *TO THE PUBLIC.*

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general, That he has lately built a large and commodious Packet, called the GOLDEN AGE, (*Philip Justin* master, who has been a number of years in the Packeting business, and has given great satisfaction to all classes of people)—She is for the purpose of accommodating Families, Gentlemen and Ladies to and from New-York, to Newport and Providence—She is well found, every thing being new and of the best materials; and is as well calculated for safety, as any vessel ever built in this State; her cabin and her accommodations are equal, if not superior to any Packet in America, or any part of the globe; and sails remarkably fast.

The price for a Passage from New-York to Newport and Providence, is as heretofore; and Freights as cheap as any other Packet in the Trade. She will sail from and return to *James Perry's* Wharf. All those that are disposed to take Passage, and give Freight to said Packet, are requested to apply to the master on board, or at store NO. 3, on said Wharf.

*ALSO*

The fast-sailing Packet, GENERAL GREEN, *George Perry*, master, will sail from and return to said Wharf, being in compleat order, for New-London and Norwich, Newport and Providence, as a steady Packet.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, or as above.

*ALSO,*

THE fast-sailing and beautiful Packet MINERVA, *Ray Bliven* master, for Providence and Newport.—She will sail from and return to said Wharf, or any other place, to accommodate Passengers.

*N. B.* As the above Packets are to accommodate the Public, they will take Gentlemen and Ladies to almost any place whatever, either on a party of pleasure, or on business.

Storage to be had as usual, in excellent stores.

JAMES PERRY

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*In Town-Meeting, Aug.* 26, 1806.

VOTED, That from and after the tenth of September next, ensuing, no Person or Persons leave, during the night, in any Street or Streets, or Road within the Precincts of this Town, any obstruction such as Wood, Stones, Bricks, Frames of Buildings, or any other hindrance to the free passage of the Citizens, unless Lamps be placed near such obstruction, or sufficient Lights be so placed as to show such obstruction.—And that if any person or persons shall Intentionally, or by neglect, leave any obstruction without sufficient Light, he shall forfeit the sum of Five Dollars; to be recovered for the benefit of the Poor, before any Justice of the Peace within said Precinct; and that the same be published three weeks in the Newport Mercury.

*Witness,* JONATHAN ALMY, *Clerk*

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ALL persons having any demands against the estate of RUTH WOODMAN, of Little-Compton, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same to the subscriber for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to

JOHN WOODMAN, *Executor.*

Little-Compton, Aug. 25, 1806.

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JOHN BAKER

*HAS FOR SALE,*

PIPES of Brandy.
Do. Gin.
St. Croix Rum per hogshead.
Sugar in barrels and boxes.
Molasses by the hogshead.
500 bushels of Turks-Island Salt.
Flour per barrel.
80 barrels of NO. 2 Beef.

*Newport, March* 7, 1806.

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## *NOTICE.*

PERSONS desirous of becoming subscribers for Pews in the Methodist Meeting-House, to be erected in this town, will please apply to Mr. B. WIGHTMAN, or Capt. J. APPLEBY, who are authorized to collect Subscribers.—The building will be commenced in a few days, on part of the estate, late Christopher Ellery's, Esq.

*Newport, August* 15, 1806.

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PALMER & COE,

*CABINET-MAKERS, No.* 18 *Long-Wharf,*

Respectfully inform their friends and the public, THAT they have on Hand, a variety of Cabinet-Furniture of the newest fashions, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.—They return their grateful acknowledgments to those who have been pleased to favour them with their custom, and solicit a continuance of their favours.

---

GODFREY WENWOOD

*HAS FOR SALE,*

*On the most reasonable Terms.*

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin-Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour, of the first quality; Molasses by the gallon; coarse and blown salt by the bushel; Ginger and Pearl-Ash by retail.—Also Mystic Tyle by the dozen, and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred.

Hops by the pound; Malt by the bushel or smaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the bushel Coal by the bushel. *Newport, June* 1806

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FLAXSEED, WANTED,

For which the highest Price will be given by

CHRISTOPHER RHODES.

*Newport, August* 15, 1806.

---

*FOR SALE BY*

MEIN & ROGERS,

*No.* 77 *Thames-street,*

*Opposite Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House,*

THIRTY Hogsheads Jamaica 4th-proof Rum.
20 boxes Havanna brown Sugar.
6 do. white do.
50 empty Geneva cases.
8 quarter-casks sherry Wine of a superior quality.
1000 lbs. excellent old Cheese.
Cognac and Spanish Brandy per pipe.
Holland's Geneva do.
New Rum per hogshead.
New-York Soap per box.
Connecticut mould Candles per do.
Bohea, Souchong and young-hyson Tea, per chest

Also,—A large and extensive assortment of GROCERIES at retail. Likewise, 4 bales blue Nankeens.

Newport, July 25, 1806.

---

*Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.*

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

At No. 118, Thames-Street,

*HAVE FOR SALE,*

LINSEED OIL boil'd or unboil'd
Best London White-Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting Venetian Red; India Do.
Stone and Spruce-Yellow.
Red Lead Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease Prussian-Blue.
Gold and Silver Leaf.
Letharge White Vitriol.
Painter's Brushes and Tools.
Scrubbing and Tar-Brushes.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright and Black Varnish.
Window-Glass and Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry properly prepared.

By sending the Dimension of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant customers may be supplied with a sufficient quantity of colours for any work at the shortest notice, with directions to use them. *April* 19 1805

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*FOR SALE, BY*

CHARLES C. HOSKINS & CO.

*At their STORE, No.* 112 & 115 *Thames-Street*

TWENTY Barrels of superfine and fine Flour.
Half Barrels Do.
7 Tons Hemp.
Russia and Ravens Duck.
Russia Sheeting.
Sheet Lead.
4 and 6 lb. Iron Shot.
Seine and sewing Twine.
Nails; Brads; and Tacks.
Bunting; red, white and blue.
Ship-Chandlery; Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also a general assortment of West-India Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

*N. B.* Just received and for sale as above, 6 pipes 4th and 2d proof Old Cognac Brandy; boxes Bourdeaux Claret, of two dozen bottles each, of a superior quality.

*Newport, April* 18, 1806.

---

*FOR SALE, BY*

WM. & H. MOORE,

*No.* 5, *Market-Square,*

JAMAICA Spirits
N. E. Rum
French Brandy
Geneva
Molasses } by the hogshead or barrel
Port
Sherry
Lisbon
Madeira
Malaga } WINES
Bohea
Souchong
Hyson-skin } TEAS
Brown Sugar per box or barrel
Loaf and powdered Do.
Chocolate per box, dozen or single pound
50 barrels Flour
10 casks excellent Rice
Pimento and Cassia
Indigo and Starch
Coffee per bag, dozen or single pound

☞ Sundry Goods in the Hard-Ware line as usual, cheap for cash or approved Notes.

*Newport, July* 18, 1806.

---

NOW Landing, at LONG-WHARF, the Cargo of the Ship GEORGE WASHINGTON, from St. Petersburgh, consisting of

90 Tons clean Hemp;
45 Do. old Sable Iron. } Flat Bars.
30 Do. new Sable Do. }
15 Do. old Do. Do. 3-4, 1, and 1 1-4 inches square.
2 Do. Yellow Tallow.
2 Do. Flax.
Russia and Ravens Duck, of the first Quality,

for sale, by

SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN,

For Cash, or unquestionable Notes *only*, at either Bank.

---

THE subscriber having been duly appointed Administrator on the estate of *William Woodle*, late of Tiverton, deceased, and having given bonds according to law, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in him, requests all persons who are indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all those who have any demands against said estate, to exhibit them to him for settlement.

CALEB WODDLE, *Admx.*

*Tiverton, August* 13, 1806.

---

FOR SALE,

A BRICK HOUSE, situated near the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-House, large enough for a middling Family, with the Garden Lot adjoining, and a Right in an excellent Well of Water near to the House, under which is a deep, dry Cellar.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

*Newport, June* 6, 1806.

---

*NEW GOODS.*

SOLOMON TOWNSEND & CO.

*Inform their Friends and the Public, that they have just received a handsome supply of* GOODS; *among which are,*

EXCELLENT Dutch black Cloth
Extra superfine English blue and black do.
Excellent blue and black and drab Cassimeres
A handsome assortment of summer Waistcoating
Very fine Linens and Long Lawns
Fine 3-4 and 4-4 shirting Cottons
Men's superfine cotton Hose
Men's black English silk do.
Men's lead-coloured silk Gloves
Parasols and Lutestrings
Umbrelas
Plain and striped cotton Cassimeres
White Jeans
Very fine white Flannels
Extra long white and coloured kid Gloves
Picnic Gloves and Mitts
Silk Sleeves
Fine 1 and 7-8 Diaper
Eight pieces ingrained floor and stair Carpeting
White, buff and pink Barcelona Handkerchiefs
6-4 to 8-4 silk Shawls' plaid and damasked
Pink, buff, blue and white Ginghams
Silk and cotton Shambray Muslins
Lenoe, picquet, and laced Muslins
6-4 cambric Dimities
Ladies superfine white and black cotton Hose with clocks
Do. black, slate, white and flesh-coloured silk do.
Tiffany Fans
A few pieces of handsome furniture Dimity
Elegant furniture Chintz of twelve different patterns and colours
White and rich coloured chintz Fringe
White and rich Bed-Lace
Fine diaper Table-Cloths, 5-4 to 12-4
5-4 and 6-4 Diaper, suitable for Do.
Cane and Willow in sheets
White Crapes
Fine India Book-Muslins.

*Newport, June* 6, 1806.

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## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber Executrix of the late Will and Testament of her late Husband. *Benjamin Mason*, of Newport Physician deceased finding that accounts in his books against a number of persons are still unsettled again requests all persons who are thus indebted to his estate to make immediate payment or to give their notes to her for the sums respectively due from them to the said estate.—And she hereby gives notice that all such accounts which shall remain unsettled until after the 21st of September next will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for settlement.

MARGARET MASON, *Exec'x.*

*Newport, July* 25 1806.

---

THE Subscriber having been duly appointed administrator on the estate of his Father, CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN, late of Newport, in the State of Rhode-Island, merchant, deceased, and having given bond according to law, for the faithful discharge of the trust thereby reposed in him, requests all persons who are indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and all those who have any demands against it, to exhibit them to him.

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN, *Adm.*

---

JAMES PERRY

*HAS FOR SALE,*

ONE Hundred Hogsheads of good Retailing Molasses.

*Newport, June* 27, 1806.

---

## TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons who are indebted to the late firm of RHODES & HAMMOND, are requested to call at the Store of the Subscriber, and settle the same without delay.

JAMES HAMMOND.

*Newport, August* 22, 1806.

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*NEW SHOE-STORE.*

JOHN W. DAVIS

*Respectfully informs his friends and the public,*

THAT he has just received from Boston and Lynn, a handsome assortment of Shoes, Slippers, &c. &c. of the latest and newest fashions, and now offers them for sale at his Shoe-store, No 1, corner of Mill-street, and directly opposite the Auction-store of Messrs. *Samuel* and *Joshua Lopez.*—Among them are,

Ladies English Kid, square and sharp Toes.
Do. Morocco, with and without heels,
Do. black Velvet, Do. Do. Do.
Misses Kid and Morocco Shoes and Slippers, of different sizes and quantities.
Women's and misses Leather do. do.
Children's of all kinds.
Men's Morocco Pumps, of the first quality.

He also occupies a shop, where he employs a number of experienced workmen, and from which he is constantly supplied with men's Boots and Shoes, of every description.—Now on hand,

Men's (customers) calf-skin Shoes of the best kind,
Boy's do. do. do.
Suwarrow and Top-Boots,
Half-Leg Draw do.
Thick Sea do. } Square and Sharp-Toe

Low-priced Shoes by the dozen, suitable for shipping.

Boot-Legs; Goat and Sheep-skins, for binding.

☞ To his former customers he returns his sincere acknowledgments, and solicits a continuance of their favours.—He flatters himself that, from his unremitted exertions to please, he shall be able to give satisfaction to all who may please to favour him with their custom.—Constant attendance will be given; and the smallest favour, in the line of his profession, will be gratefully received, and duly acknowledged.

*N. B* SHOES and BOOTS, made as usual, to any measure, at the shortest notice.

*Wanted immediately,*

A smart active, faithful LAD, about 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the above business.

*Newport, July* 11, 1806.